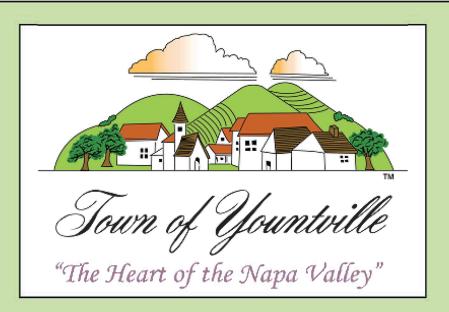


Town of Yountville California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



"The Heart of the Napa Valley"



ABOUT THE COVER

In the heart of Napa Valley sits Yountville, a renowned one of a kind town, with incredible natural surroundings, breathtaking views, wineries, fine cuisine, and most importantly a community that makes strolling around town inviting. The neighbors, workers, and business of Yountville have created a magical atmosphere that charms locals and visitors alike. Thanks to our community, Yountville is a beautiful place that our residents are proud to call home.

Cover Photo Credit: Bob McClenahan

Town of Yountville California

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021



"The Heart of the Napa Valley"

Prepared by the Finance Department

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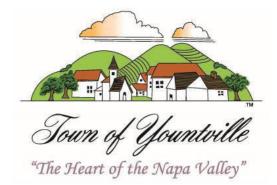
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Introductory Section



TRANSMITTAL LETTER



November 5, 2021

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council, and Citizens of the Town of Yountville

SUBJECT: Annual Comprehensive Financial Report – June 30, 2021

Town staff is pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the Town of Yountville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

REPORT PURPOSE AND ORGANIZATION

State law requires that the accounts and fiscal affairs of all municipal entities be examined annually by an independent certified public accountant. The Town's independent auditor, Chavan and Associates, LLP has audited the Town's financial statements and issued an unmodified opinion that the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). This opinion, along with the basic financial statements, are hereby submitted as the ACFR for the Town of Yountville for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The information included in the financial section of this report fulfills the above requirement.

The independent audit of the financial statements is also typically conducted in conjunction with the federally mandated Single Audit. The standards governing the Single Audit require the independent auditor to report on items beyond fair presentation of the financial statements, including internal controls and compliance with legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. A single audit was not required or prepared in Fiscal Year 2020/2021 because the Town had less than \$750,000 in federal grant expenditures.

The ACFR includes a complete set of audited financial statements and notes, together with supplemental and statistical information. The Town issues the ACFR within approximately six months after the close of each fiscal year to fully disclose its financial information in a timely and transparent manner and to maintain compliance with all state and federal regulations and bond covenants. Management assumes full responsibility for completeness, accuracy of data, and fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures. Management believes the data presented are accurate in all material respects and that they are presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the Town. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, Town management has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed both to protect the Town's assets from loss,

theft, or misuse; and to compile sufficiently reliable information for the preparation of the Town's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed their benefits, the Town's internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements.

Generally accepted accounting principles require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Town's MD&A can be found in the Financial Section of this document, immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

TOWN OF YOUNTVILLE PROFILE

The Town is located in the heart of Napa Valley surrounded by the beautiful backdrop of the region's vineyards and mountains. Yountville has small town charm and unique character, making it an ideal place to live, work or visit. With a population of approximately 2,966, we are a community that cares about its citizens and businesses. We also welcome our many visitors who come from the Bay Area, and around the world, to enjoy the numerous activities and events in the area, dine at our critically acclaimed restaurants and stay at one of the fine lodging establishments the Town has to offer.

Form of Government

The Town of Yountville was incorporated February 4, 1965 and operates under a council-manager form of government. Policymaking and legislative authority are vested in the Town Council consisting of the Mayor and four other elected Council members. The Council is responsible for, among other matters, approving and modifying ordinances, adopting the Town budget, appointing committee and commission members, and hiring the Town Manager and Town Attorney. The Town Manager is responsible for assuring compliance with the ordinances, implementing the policies and direction of the Town Council, appointing department heads, and hiring employees, and managing daily operations of the Town.

The Council is elected on a non-partisan basis. Council members serve four-year staggered terms, with two members elected every two years. The Mayor is elected to serve a four-year term.

Town Services

The Town provides a full range of municipal services including fire/emergency services and law enforcement through contracts with Napa County; construction and maintenance of Town streets, storm drains, bridges and similar infrastructure type assets; park maintenance; community recreation activities including an after school program, seasonal camps, and other recreation and leisure programs. The Town operates a modern community center facility that hosts community and recreation programs, in addition to being available for rent to groups and functions of all sizes, from small meetings and gatherings, to large events and elegant wedding receptions and banquets.

In terms of business-type activities, the Town provides water and wastewater services through operation of its utility enterprises. The Town has a partnership with the State of California, whereby the State agrees to supply water to the Town, and the Town, in turn, provides wastewater treatment for the California

Veterans Home. The costs to provide these utility services, including the cost to purchase water, compliance with increasing state regulations and maintaining the utility infrastructure, have steadily increased over the last several years. Town Council, upon review of a comprehensive rate study and business plan, conducted a public hearing and approved a five-year water/wastewater rate schedule in February 2018. The rate schedule was established to phase in the rate increases necessary to eliminate the utility enterprise operating deficits and provide funds needed for systems replacements. The fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 included revenue from new rates that became effective March 1, 2018.

The ACFR includes all financial activities of the Town. Financial data for all funds through which services are provided by the Town have been included in this report based on the criteria adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the authoritative body establishing U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments.

Budgetary Policy and Control

The Town's budgetary records are maintained on a modified accrual basis. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available; and expenditures are recorded when goods or services are received, and the liability incurred. The Town produces an annual budget, which serves as the foundation for the Town of Yountville's financial planning and control. Based on the Town of Yountville Financial Policies, the Town is required to maintain a balanced operating budget; requiring current year operating expenses and transfers for debt service and capital expenditures to be fully funded by current year revenues and other designated available funding sources. In the budget development process, the Town Council and staff referenced the following strategic plan goals as a basis for budget development:

- Exceptional Town Services: The Town supports its talented staff who deliver high quality municipal programs and services while maintaining public infrastructure for the benefit of the community.
- Engage Residents: The Town embraces our residents' commitment to community as seen through volunteerism, civic engagement, and public participation that enhances the quality of life in Yountville.
- Responsible Fiscal Policy: The Town maintains its fiscal health through policies designed to maximize economic opportunities, manage expenses, and ensure prudent reserves.
- Quality of Life: The Town enhances the livability of Yountville by providing well-maintained public facilities, parks and trails, and quality programs and events.
- Premier Destination: The Town values its residents, rich history, natural environment, culinary excellence, arts, and distinguished businesses that make our home a place people love.
- Visionary Leadership: The Town's leadership maintains an open-minded, forward-thinking decisionmaking process. We value engagement and participation from all members of the community as we work together to create policies and plan for the future.

All departments of the Town submit requests for appropriations to the Town Manager each year; these requests serve as a starting point for developing a proposed budget. The Town Manager presents a proposed operating and capital budget to the Town Council each year. The Council holds public hearings,

generally starting in May, to review and receive input on the proposed budget before formal adoption. The budget is adopted by fund, department, and account classification. During the year, the Town Manager may authorize budget transfers within departments and funds, but only the Town Council can approve additional appropriations. Staff provides monthly financial reports to the Council during the year and may prepare a comprehensive budget review at mid-year. Council approves adjustments to the original budget during the year to reflect changing conditions that impact revenues or expenditures.

Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The general fund budget to actual comparison is required supplementary information and is presented in a separate section of this report immediately following the notes to the financial statements. For the Town's other governmental-type funds a budget to actual comparison schedule is presented as optional information in the section of this report containing combining financial statements and individual fund schedules.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment in which the Town operates.

Local Economy

The Town is located sixty miles north of San Francisco in the Napa Valley, an area that attracts many visitors each year as they come to enjoy the scenic beauty, the local attractions and the many wineries and restaurants in the area. The Town of Yountville is a destination for tourists seeking a welcoming small-town environment while visiting the Napa Valley. The Town has been recognized in many well-known publications and continues to attract visitors from nearby urban areas, as well as other regions and countries. As a tourist destination, approximately 57% of the Town's general fund revenues for Fiscal Year 2020/2021 are from transient occupancy tax (TOT), restaurant and tasting room sales tax collections. This percentage is lower than normal due to the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, especially when compared to a more typical fiscal year, such as 2018/2019.

Outside of the unexpected emergencies as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic that impacted local businesses and tourism, overall, the Town has experienced significant growth in revenue in the past few years with the attraction of new businesses and the renovation and expansion of others. As the Town approaches full build out we anticipate seeing modest incremental growth in the future and will not expect to sustain these levels of increases.

Given the reliance on tourism-based revenue, the Town has taken steps to ensure continued promotion as a tourist destination. The Town contracts with the Yountville Chamber of Commerce for promotional marketing and events. The Town is an active member of the Napa Valley Tourism Improvement District which assesses an additional 2% on all hotel room rents, of which 25% (one fourth) is managed by a Yountville Tourism Improvement Board to promote Yountville, sponsor events and generate business during the slow months of the tourist season.

The Town has positioned itself to maintain a healthy and vibrant local economy with highly rated hotels and inns, award winning restaurants, wine tasting, boutique retail shops and a community art program all

situated in a beautiful location that attracts many visitors. Yountville is also home to the Veterans Home of California, a historic community of and for veterans, dating back to the 1880's.

The three major sources of General Fund revenue include Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT), Property Tax, and Sales Tax. An overview of these three taxes, which account for over 77% of the Fiscal Year 2020/2021 General Fund revenues, are provided in the subsequent sections.

Transient Occupancy Tax

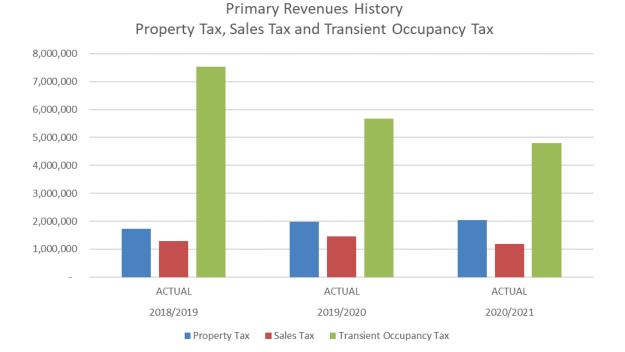
Transient Occupancy Tax is the Town's largest source of revenue, representing approximately 46% of all General Fund revenues. In Fiscal Year 2020/2021, the Town's TOT revenues were \$4.8 million. This significant decrease compared to prior year collections is entirely due to the long-term economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Property Tax Revenues

This revenue source is fairly stable and does not respond quickly to changes in the economy. It is one of the Town's only revenues that was not affected by COVID-19. Property taxes were 2.7% higher than the prior fiscal year. Yountville has experienced steady growth in property tax over the last three years due to the increase in property valuations.

Sales Tax Revenues

Sales and Use Tax revenues represent the third largest share of General Fund revenues. The largest share of sales tax is generated from restaurants, and the remainder of the business community is comprised of hotels and inns, wine tasting rooms, small retail shops, one grocery store and one gas station. In Fiscal Year 2020/2021, sales tax apportionments started out very low due to COVID-19 related restaurant closures.



Long-Term Financial Planning

Town Council adopted a balanced budget for Fiscal Year 2020/2021. The Town has a practice of using moderately conservative revenue projections and reviewing and adjusting, as needed, at mid-year. The Town Council has funded an emergency reserve at 20% of general fund expenditures and a revenue stabilization reserve at 25% of Transient Occupancy Tax Revenue estimates or higher, in addition to assigning fund balances for both general and legal contingencies and a self-insurance retention. The Town Council continues an interest in increasing the reserves for Facility, Repair and Replacement Fund and Tools and Equipment Repair and Replacement Fund to better prepare for funding repairs and replacement needs of the town.

The Town has taken several steps to ensure fiscal stability over the next several years and beyond. The Town has adopted a master fee schedule to manage and monitor charges for services. The master fee schedule is comprehensively reviewed and updated each year prior to the budget cycle to provide updated information for revenue projections and cost recovery targets, where applicable.

The Town Council adopted a water and wastewater utility rate study which includes a five-year enterprise business plan to raise rates for water and wastewater services. The new rates provide the resources needed to operate and maintain the Town's utility systems and comply with new environmental and regulatory requirements.

The Town Council has established an IRC Section 115 Trust with PARS (Public Agency Retirement Services) for both OPEB (other post-employment benefits) and the CalPERS Unfunded Actuarially Accrued Liability. Contributions to the OPEB portion of the trust are directed by the Town Council and have followed the actuarially determined contribution issued by the Town's actuary. Contributions to the pension portion of the trust are at the Town Council's discretion. These steps have been taken to protect the Town against future economic uncertainty.

Major Initiatives

Managing the increased cost of purchasing water

The Town purchases water from the Rector Reservoir, per a long-term contract with the State of California Veterans Home. The cost of water is calculated each year based on the Town's proportionate share of Rector Reservoir cost of operations. In the 2018 Utility Rate Study it was estimated that the cost of water would increase approximately 7% in the next five years. However, the cost has proven to increase more than originally anticipated. When Rector Reservoir water is not available, the Town obtains water from the City of Napa, but at a much higher rate. Town staff continues to build on its working relationship with the Veterans Home and seek methods for managing these rising costs.

Managing Rising Pension Costs

The Town of Yountville, like many municipalities throughout the State, is facing rising CalPERS pension costs. This is primarily related to the changes in CalPERS actuarial assumptions which include changes to discount rate, amortization policies, mortality rates, and the implementation of risk mitigation strategies. The Town has been disciplined to set aside money for our PERS UAAL Reserve Fund, which had a balance of \$2.9 million on June 30, 2021. These dedicated reserve funds will aid the Town in meeting future pension obligations.

Pursuing Grant Funding

The Town has been successful in obtaining grants and low-cost financing for projects and will continue this practice to leverage Town resources and provide resources to complete capital projects. In fiscal 2014, the Town obtained a \$3,465,362 State Revolving Fund Loan for the purpose of financing the Yountville Water Recycling Expansion Project. The loan is a draw down as costs are incurred type of loan. The town received \$2,725,340 in loan proceeds. In February of 2019 the Town was awarded \$500,000 in a HOME Program Grant from the California Department of Housing and Community Development which provides funding for home improvement projects for low income eligible residents to bring their homes up to current building code standards.

Increasing Affordable and Workforce Housing

On November 6, 2018 Yountville voters approved Measure S which increased the Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) by one percent (1%) to support workforce and affordable housing efforts. This special tax went into effect as of January 1, 2019. On June 30, 2021, the balance of the Measure S Fund was \$1.16 million. The Town established a Measure S Workforce and Affordable Housing Committee that will review fund activity to ensure proper use, and apprise the Town Council of potential opportunities to utilize the funds to promote an increase of affordable housing within the Town.

Disaster and Emergency Preparedness Planning

Recent earthquake and fire experiences have clearly demonstrated the importance of the Town's emergency preparedness and disaster response planning community education, and outreach efforts. Work towards improvement continues as we partner with other cities in the county to update the Napa County Hazard Mitigation Plan. An annual Emergency Preparedness Community workshop was initiated in 2018, and the second annual workshop occurred in October of 2019. The workshops are suspended during the COVID-19 pandemic but will hopefully resume in the future.

Impact of the State Budget

In May 2018, the Associated Press indicated that the State of California has the fifth largest economy in the world. The main sources of uncertainty for California local governments are the economy and the impact from the State of California Budget that included the practice of state takeaways and unfunded mandates. New legislation has insulated local governments from takeaways, while unfunded mandates and economic downturns remain as uncontrollable factors. The most recent California Department of Finance Bulletin (October 2021) reports unemployment of 4.8% in September 2021. In tandem, personal income across the state declined 4.2% for the second quarter of 2021 year over year. This analysis is quite a bit more positive than what was reported last year. A great concern across the state relates to the increasing costs of housing that will impact a labor shortage. This is a theme shared across the Napa Valley. In response, Measure S (Measure I in Napa County) was passed in the November 2018 election, implemented as of January 1, 2019, and allowed Yountville to increase the hotel tax rate from 12% to 13% for the benefit of workforce housing. The Town developed the 2020/2021 budget assuming there would be no state takeaways or unfunded

mandates and staff will continue to review updated economic forecasts and monitor state budget conditions.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Yountville for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the twelfth consecutive year that the Town has achieved this prestigious award. To be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government agency must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the year-round dedication and efficiency of the Town staff; and the support and efforts of the Town's independent auditors.

We would also like to express thanks and appreciation to the Mayor and Members of the Town Council for their leadership and support, and commitment to fiscal sustainability and long-term financial planning.

Respectfully submitted,

Steven Rogers, Town Manager

Celia King, Finance Director



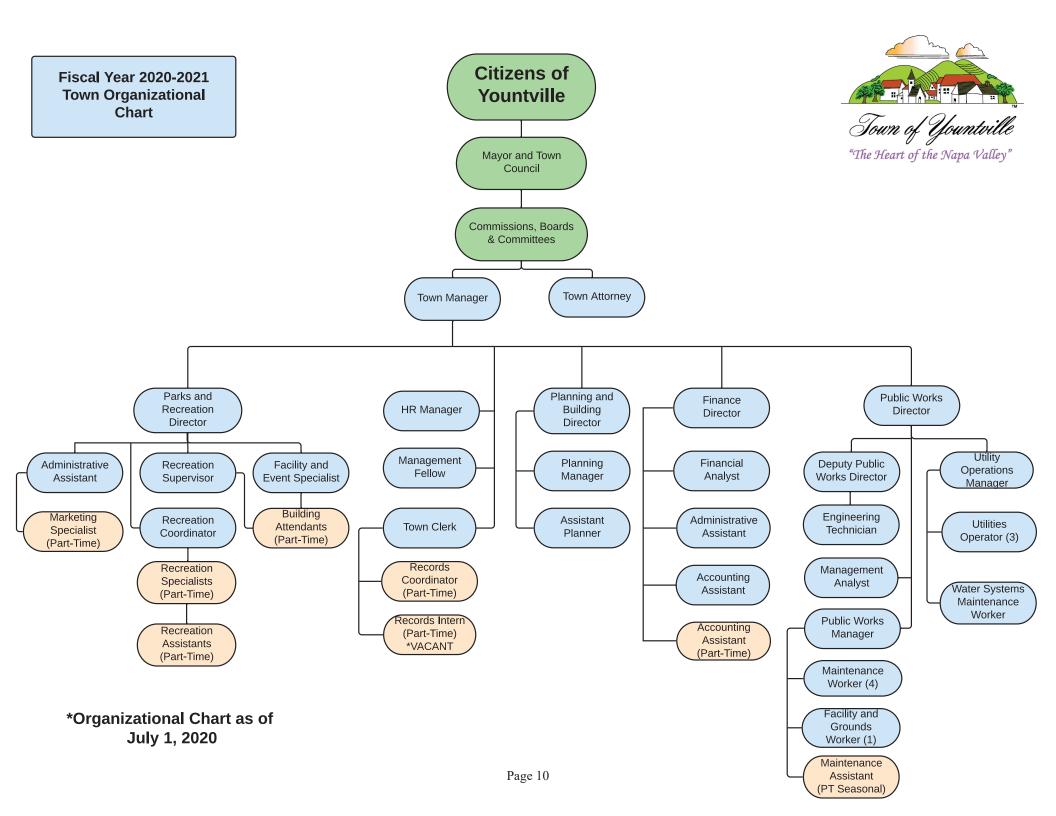
Principal Officials

TOWN COUNCIL

John F. Dunbar, Mayor Kerri Dorman, Vice Mayor Marita Dorenbecher, Council Member Marjorie "Margie" Mohler, Council Member Eric Knight, Council Member

TOWN ADMINISTRATION

Steven Rogers, Town Manager Gary Bell, Town Attorney Samantha Holland, Parks & Recreation Director Sandra Liston, Planning & Building Director Joe Tagliaboschi, Public Works Director Celia King, Finance Director John Ferons, Deputy Public Works Director Michelle Dahme, Town Clerk Julie Baldia, Senior Management Analyst Eddy Gomez, Management Fellow Kyle Batista, Financial Analyst Erica Teagarden, Management Analyst



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Yountville California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council of the Town of Yountville Yountville, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Yountville (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Town's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Yountville, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note 1.U to the basic financial statements, effective July 1, 2020, the Town implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, supplementary budgetary comparison schedules other than on pages 92 and 93, combining individual non-major fund schedules, comparative information for enterprise funds, statement of changes in agency fund's assets and liabilities statistical data, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, comparative schedules for enterprise funds, and statement of changes in agency fund's assets and liabilities are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying



accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, comparative schedules for enterprise funds, and statement of changes in agency fund's assets and liabilities are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory, supplemental budgetary and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

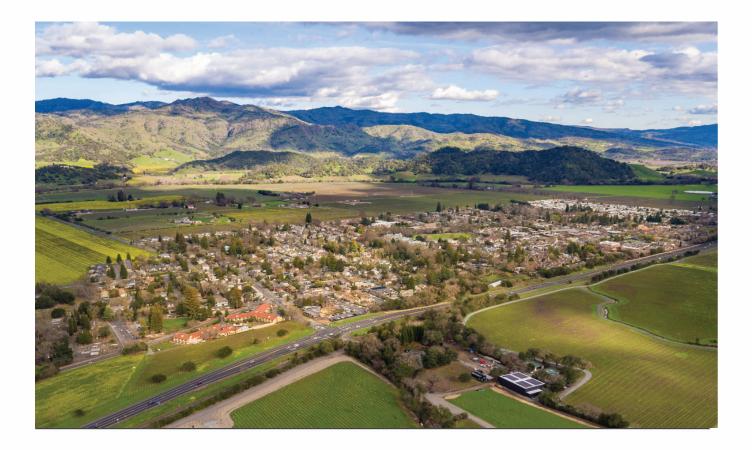
In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 5, 2021 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

C&A UP

Chavan & Associates, LLP Certified Public Accountants November 5, 2021 Morgan Hill, California

Financial Section

Management Discussion and Analysis, Basic Financial Statements, and Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

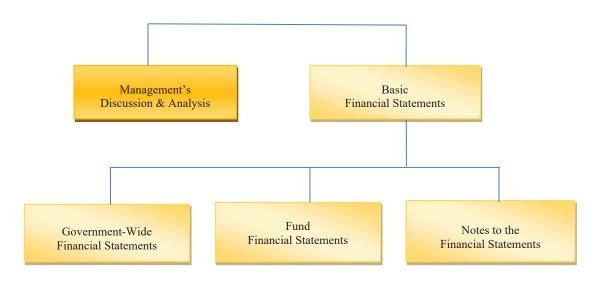




MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

As management of the Town of Yountville, we offer readers of the Town's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of financial activities of the Town of Yountville, for the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here, in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal. This information can be found on pages 1-8 of this report. The required components of the report are listed below.



Required Components of the Annual Financial Report

FISCAL YEAR 2020/2021 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government-Wide Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Yountville exceeded the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$58.69 million (net position). Of this amount, net position included \$37.77 million classified as net investment in capital assets; \$6.65 million as restricted; and \$14.28 million as unrestricted net position.
- The Town's net position increased by \$2.61 million, and its change in net position increased by \$1.96 million, from \$.65 million, in FY 2020/2021. In the Governmental Activities, tax revenues decreased by \$0.79 million, charges for services decreased by \$0.1 million and capital grants and contributions increased by \$0.15 million.
- In the Business-Type Activities, charges for services increased by \$0.25 million and capital grants and contributions decreased by \$0.04 million.
- Deferred outflows of resources decreased by \$0.23 million while deferred inflows of resources increased by \$0.4 million mostly due to differences in expected and actual earnings, expected and actual experiences and changes in proportions. The Town's pension liability in accordance with

GASB 68 as of June 30, 2021 was \$4.4 million, while the net OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 was \$0.31 million.

- The Town's long-term debt decreased by \$0.78 million, or 7%, in Fiscal Year 2020/2021 primarily from debt service payments made during the year.
- The Town's net capital assets increased by 1.44%, or \$0.69 million, primarily as a result of capital projects.
- Capital projects expenditures totaled \$2.11 million with approximately \$0.26 million of ongoing maintenance and replacement projects. The table below shows details of significant projects.

Major Capital Projects are as follows:	Budget	Actual
Emgncy Rplcmnt Washington Park Main & Lateral	1,204,000	1,003,278
Washington Street Paving Project	650,130	517,691
Pedestrian Path-Oak Circle to Mission	536,084	298,168
Ventrac Mower & Containers	77,680	76,651
Repair Roof on Corp Yard Garages	100,000	76,468
Restroom Construction at Yountville Community Park	200,000	60,268
Total	\$ 2,767,894	\$ 2,032,525

Fund Highlights

- At the close of Fiscal Year 2020/2021, the Town of Yountville's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$19.14 million, an increase of \$1.6 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 33%, or \$6.34 million, was classified as unassigned fund balance and was available for spending at the government's discretion.
- At the end of the Fiscal Year 2020/2021, the general fund's unrestricted fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) was \$10.14 million, or 124% of total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers. The general fund's unassigned fund balance was \$6.37 million or 78% of total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers.
- The General Fund balance decreased by \$1.44 million, with revenues of \$10.47 million and expenditures of \$8.19 million, prior to transfers out of \$0.98 million. Revenues decreased over the prior year by \$0.21 mostly due to declines in the taxes, while expenses decreased by \$0.5 million due to cost saving decisions made by the Town.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Town of Yountville's financial statements. The Town of Yountville's basic financial statements are comprised of (1) Government-wide Financial Statements (2) Fund Financial Statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Town of Yountville's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis, which means they measure the flow of all economic resources of the Town as a whole. Government-wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents financial information on all of the Town of Yountville's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Town of Yountville is improving or declining.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the Town of Yountville's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. This is consistent with a full accrual concept, which may result in the reporting of revenues and expenses in the current fiscal year, with cash flows occurring in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected revenues; and earned but not used vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Town of Yountville that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). An overview of the Town's functions associated with each classification is listed below.

Governmental Activities – All of the Town's basic services are considered to be governmental activities. This includes law enforcement, fire and emergency services, planning and building, public works, parks and recreation, community center, community promotion, housing, and general administration. Transient occupancy taxes, sales taxes, property taxes, state and federal grants finance most of these activities. Charges for services, which include parks and recreation fees, are also used to help offset costs of providing certain services.

Business-Type Activities – This Town's enterprise activities include Waste and Wastewater operations. Unlike governmental services, these services are fully supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of services they use.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 39-40 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about each of the Town's most significant funds, called major funds. Major funds are presented individually, with all non-major funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these non-major funds. Major funds present the major activities of the Town for the fiscal year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the Town's activities. The Town's funds are segregated into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same function reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. This represents a modified accrual basis of accounting, with capital assets, long-lived assets, and long-term liabilities excluded from the financial statements. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Town's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Town maintains multiple governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, Debt Service Fund, and the Measure T Fund. These funds are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided as required supplementary information for the General Fund and Measure T fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 42-45 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The Town of Yountville has the following two *enterprise funds* which are proprietary funds: *Water* and *Wastewater* Funds which are considered major funds for the Town of Yountville. *Enterprise funds* provide the same type of information as business-type activities in the government-wide statements. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 48-50 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Town. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the Government-Wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the Town of Yountville's own programs. The accounting for fiduciary funds is much like that used for business type activities. The Town did maintain two fiduciary funds during Fiscal Year 2020/2021, the Other Postemployment Benefit Trust fund and the Napa Valley Tourism Improvement District custodial fund as noted in pages 52-53.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found immediately following the fund financial statements.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the Town of Yountville's funding progress for its employee pension and OPEB benefit obligations. The required supplementary information can be found on pages 91-97 of this report. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the *required supplementary information* on pensions and OPEB as supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 101-135 of this report. The Town also provides comparative statements for its Water and Wastewater enterprise funds in the supplementary information section. An un-audited statistical section provides historical and current data on financial trends, revenue and debt capacity, demographic and economic information, and operating information. This information can be found on pages 141-158 of this document.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net position may serve as an indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Town of Yountville, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities by \$58.69 million at the close of the Fiscal Year 2020/2021. This represents an increase of \$2.61 million over the prior year.

			Tabl	le 1 - Net	Posit	ion						
	G	overnmen	tal Act	ivities	В	usiness-Ty	pe Act	ivities	 To	otal	l	
		2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020	
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	20.11	\$	18.51	\$	6.87	\$	6.94	\$ 26.98	\$	25.45	
Capital assets		37.42		37.44		11.11		10.39	48.52		47.84	
Total Assets	\$	57.52	\$	55.95	\$	17.98	\$	17.33	\$ 75.50	\$	73.28	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1.12	\$	1.30	\$	0.31	\$	0.35	\$ 1.42	\$	1.65	
Liabilities												
Current and other liabilities	\$	1.32	\$	1.36	\$	0.65	\$	0.78	\$ 1.97	\$	2.15	
Noncurrent liabilities		13.23		13.89		1.95		2.14	15.19		16.03	
Total Liabilities	\$	14.55	\$	15.25	\$	2.60	\$	2.92	\$ 17.15	\$	18.17	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	0.79	\$	0.50	\$	0.29	\$	0.18	\$ 1.08	\$	0.68	
Net Position												
Net investment in capital assets	\$	27.57	\$	26.99	\$	10.20	\$	9.33	\$ 37.77	\$	36.31	
Restricted		6.65		5.95		-		-	6.65		5.95	
Unrestricted		9.07		8.56		5.20		5.25	14.28		13.81	
Total Net Position	\$	43.29	\$	41.50	\$	15.40	\$	14.58	\$ 58.69	\$	56.08	

The following table summarizes the Town's ending net position:

Net position of the Town's governmental activities increased \$1.79 million to \$43.29 million. Approximately 20.9% of net position relating to governmental activities are unrestricted, and a significant portion, or \$27.57 million, of the Town's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, (e.g., land, buildings, general government infrastructure, equipment, etc.), less accumulated depreciation and any outstanding that was debt used to acquire or construct those assets. Capital assets represent infrastructure which provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the Town's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

Total liabilities related to governmental activities decreased by \$0.07 million due to decrease in long term debt and net OPEB liability. The Town's net OPEB liability for Fiscal Year 2020/2021 is \$307,400. See note 9 for detailed information related to the OPEB, along with the required supplementary information section of this report.

Total net position of the Town's business-type activities increased \$0.82 million, to \$15.40 million. A business plan to eliminate ongoing deficits and provide the funding necessary for future infrastructure improvements was adopted in February of 2018 and the fourth of five implementations was completed in January of 2021. No deficits were reported in 2021.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Town of Yountville is able to report a positive balance for the government as a whole. The reasons for the overall financial changes are discussed in the following sections for governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities

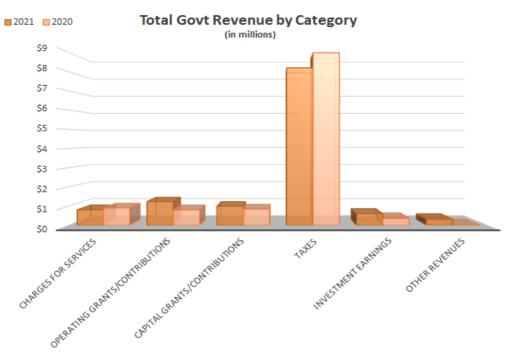
As shown in the following *Statement of Changes in Net Position* schedule, the net position for governmental activities increased from \$41.50 million in the prior year to \$43.29 million in the current fiscal year. This increase is largely due to greater than expected sales and property tax revenue collections, reduced departmental expenditures, and suspension of discretionary contributions to trusts and internal repair and replacement funds in an effort to manage revenue losses related to COVID-19.

With total revenues for Fiscal Year 2020/2021 at \$12.17 million and total expenses at \$10.54 million, the change in net position for current activity yielded an increase of \$1.66 million. An analysis of the changes in revenues and expenses by type of significant events follows:

Table 2 - Statement of Changes in Net Position												
		overnmen	tal A		In	crease		usiness-Ty	pe Ac		Increase	
Functions/Programs		2021		2020	(De	ecrease)		2021		2020	(De	crease)
Program Revenues												
Charges for services	\$	0.81	\$	0.91	\$	(0.10)	\$	4.08	\$	3.83	\$	0.25
Operating grants and contributions		1.24		0.81		0.43		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions		1.00		0.84		0.15		0.23		0.27		(0.04)
General Revenues												
Taxes		8.20		8.99		(0.79)		-		-		-
Investment earnings		0.60		0.36		0.24		0.01		0.12		(0.11)
Other revenues		0.32		0.01		0.31		0.00		0.00		0.00
Total Revenues		12.17		11.92		0.25		4.32		4.22		0.10
Expenses												
General Government		3.23		3.24		(0.02)		-		-		-
Housing		0.17		0.09		0.08		-		-		-
Public Safety		1.71		1.63		0.08		-		-		-
Public Works		3.08		3.28		(0.19)		-		-		-
Community Promotion		0.38		0.41		(0.02)		-		-		-
Parks and Recreation		1.67		2.20		(0.53)		-		-		-
Interest on fiscal charges		0.30		0.39		(0.09)		-		-		-
Water Services		-		-		-		1.65		1.91		(0.27)
Wastewater Services		-		-		-		1.83		2.33		(0.50)
Total Expenses		10.54		11.24		(0.70)		3.47		4.25		(0.77
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses		1.63		0.68		0.95		0.85		(0.02)		0.87
Transfers		0.03		0.03		0.00		(0.03)		(0.03)		(0.00)
Increase / (Decrease) in Net Position		1.66		0.71		0.95		0.82		(0.05)		0.87
Prior Period Adjustments - OPEB Trust		0.14		-		0.14		-		-		-
Net Position, Beginning of Year		41.50		40.79		0.71		14.58		14.63		(0.05
Net Position, End of Year	\$	43.29	\$	41.50	\$	1.79	\$	15.40	\$	14.58	\$	0.82

Governmental Revenues

The following chart summarizes the changes in revenues by category during Fiscal Year 2020/2021:

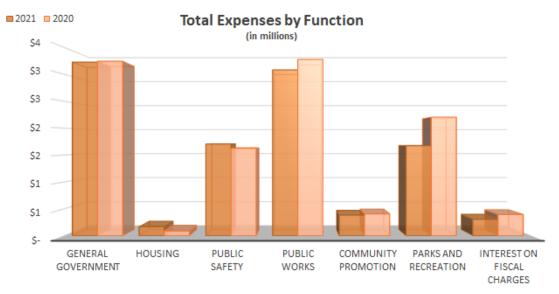


Significant changes in governmental revenues consisted of the following:

- Charges for Services decreased by approximately \$0.10 million or 11%. This is primarily related to COVID-19 decreasing the number of governmental services offered throughout FY 2020/2021.
- Taxes decreased by approximately \$0.79 million or 8.8%, with changes primarily related to the following categories:
 - Property taxes increased by \$55,127 or about 2.7%, due to continuing increases in property values along with an influx of Vehicle License Fees (VLF).
 - Transient occupancy taxes decreased by approximately \$0.85 million or 14.9%, primarily due to the decrease in tourism and hotel closures caused by COVID-19.
 - Sales tax revenues decreased by approximately \$306,516 or approximately 21.2%. Though this revenue was impacted by COVID-19 related closures to restaurants and hotels, it was also slightly offset by the implementation of AB 147 (the Wayfair decision) in October 2019 that resulted in an increase to the Napa County sales tax pools, of which Yountville receives a portion.
- Operating grants and contributions increased by approximately \$0.43 million or 53.9%. Federal and State assistance are included in this revenue source and constitute the large increase.
- Capital grants and contributions increased by approximately \$0.15 million or 18%. This is largely attributed to the \$144,000 Community Power Resiliency Program Grant received from CalOES.

Governmental Expenses

The Fiscal Year 2020/2021 expenses for Governmental Activities decreased by \$0.7 million, or 6%, as illustrated in the chart below:



Significant changes in governmental expenses primarily consisted of the following:

- General Government decreased very slightly by \$0.02 million, primarily due to the continued suspension of discretionary contributions to trusts and internal repair and replacement funds.
- Housing increased by \$0.08 million or 88.9%, partly due to an increased amount of Federal HOME Grants extended to eligible residents.
- Public Safety increased by 4.9%, primarily due to the increase in the Napa County Sherriff's annual contract. Although overall Public Safety costs did increase over the prior year, the Town saved approximately \$219,000 from the expected contract amount with the Napa County Fire Department.
- Public Works decreased by \$0.19 million or 5.8%, primarily due to lower amount spent on capital projects.
- Parks and Recreation decreased by \$0.53 or 24% as COVID related restrictions continued to suppress programs and events during FY 2020/2021.

Business-Type Activities

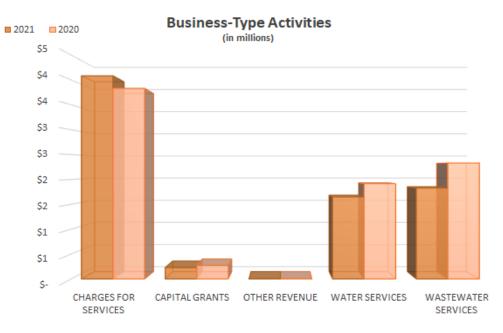
The Town's business type activities represent the water and wastewater utility enterprise operation. The Town purchases water from the state Veterans Home for resale to approximately 832 customers. The sewer collection system operated by the Town serves about 765 customers. The Town also operates the wastewater treatment plant and has a cost sharing agreement with the Veterans Home to provide services.

Total Program Revenue for business-type activities was \$4.31 million comprised of \$4.08 in charges for services and \$0.23 million in capital grants. Total operating revenue from the prior year was \$4.1 million.

Total expenses for business type activities were \$3.47 million, which was a decrease of approximately

\$.77 million when compared to the prior year. This is primarily due to a decrease in capital project expenditures over the prior fiscal year.

The following chart is a summary of the changes in revenues and expenses for the Town's business-type activities from Fiscal Year 2019/202020 to 2020/2021:



Business-Type activities should generate enough revenue to cover the cost of operations and capital infrastructure. The Town's enterprises had struggled after many years of increasing expenses and no rate increases. Major cost increases included the cost to purchase water for resale, general cost increases for operating supplies and services, and expenses related to projects required to maintain compliance with state regulations and replace aging infrastructure.

Town Council approved a five-year water/wastewater rate schedule on February 20, 2018 to ensure the fiscal sustainability of the utility enterprises. The rate schedule was established to phase in the rate increases necessary to eliminate the utility enterprise operating deficits. The first annual rate increase was effective March 1, 2018 and will continue each January 1, through 2022.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the Town of Yountville uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The focus of the Town's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the Town itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for particular purposes by the Town of Yountville's Council.

The following table summarizes the changes in fund balance of the Major Funds and Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds:

			Majoı	Fund	S		_			
	eneral Fund	Pr	Capital cojects Fund	S	Debt Service Fund	asure T Fund	Gove	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Total Revenues	\$ 10.47	\$	0.33	\$	0.00	\$ 0.55	\$	0.62	\$	11.97
Total Expenditures	 8.19		0.59		0.89	 0.46		0.40		10.53
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 2.29		(0.26)		(0.89)	 0.09		0.22		1.44
Other Financing Sources	-		-		-	-		-		-
Transfers In	-		0.10		0.91	-		0.05		1.06
Transfers Out	 (0.98)		-		(0.05)	 -		(0.00)		(1.03)
Net Change in Fund Balances	1.31		(0.16)		(0.03)	0.09		0.26		1.47
Beginning Fund Balances	11.58		0.68		0.06	(0.03)		5.24		17.54
Prior Period Adjustment	 0.14		-		-	 -		-		0.14
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 13.03	\$	0.52	\$	0.03	\$ 0.06	\$	5.51	\$	19.143

General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$2.29 million. In fiscal year 2019/202020, general fund revenues exceeded expenses by \$2 million. As presented earlier in connection with governmental activities, TOT collections, which are the Town's primary source of general fund revenue, were significantly impacted by COVID-19 related hotel closures between July 2020 and February 2021 resulting in a substantial decrease in revenues. The total general fund expenditures, prior to transfers is \$8.19 million. Significant savings on Napa County Fire services along with other savings within general fund departments account for the reduction of estimated expenses by approximately 13%.

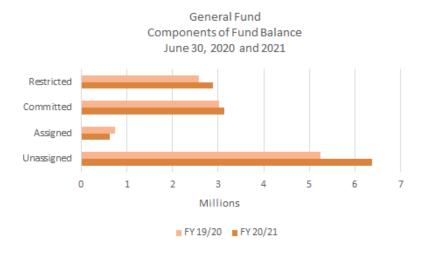
Other nonmajor governmental funds reflected an aggregate increase to total fund balance, whereas the Capital Projects fund experienced a reduction in fund balance of \$0.16 million. This is due to the Town incurring costs for projects that are eligible for grant reimbursement, which is expected to be received during Fiscal Year 2021/2022.

Debt Service funds utilized \$0.03 million of available fund balance to help cover required debt service payments. Measure T fund ended the fiscal year with an increase to total fund balance of \$0.06 million.

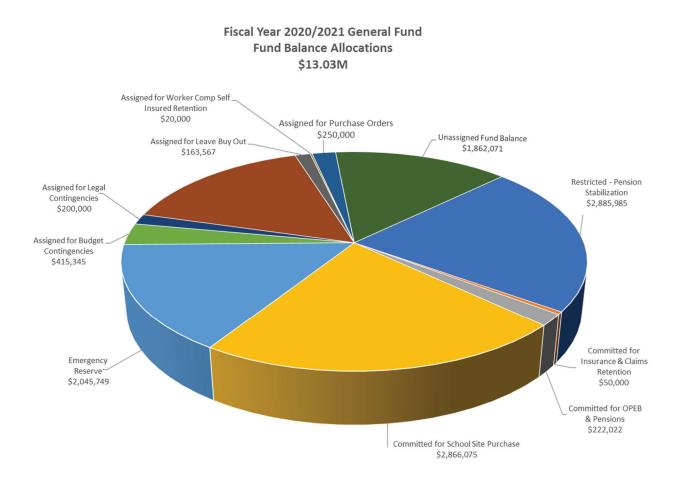
General Fund – Components of Fund Balance

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Yountville. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$6.37 million and the total fund balance increased to \$13.03 million. This is an increase to total fund balance of \$1.45 million, or 12%, from the prior year.

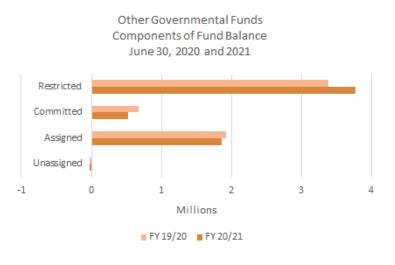
The major components of the fund balance are shown below:



The following pie chart displays the fund balance allocations of the General Fund as of June 30, 2021:



The following chart displays the components of fund balance for governmental funds other than the General Fund:



CAPITAL ASSETS

The Town of Yountville's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$48.52 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This includes net capital assets from governmental activities of \$37.42 million and net capital assets from business type activities at \$11.11 million. The total increase in the Town of Yountville's capital assets during the current fiscal year was approximately \$0.69 million. This includes a net decrease of \$0.03 million related to Governmental Activities and a net increase of \$0.71 million related to Business-type Activities.

		Tabl	e 4 -	- Capital	Asset	ts at Yea	r Er	nd - Net				
	Go	vernment	tal A	ctivities	Bus	iness-ty	pe A	ctivities	 To	tal		
		2021		2020		2021		2020	2021		2020	% Change
Land	\$	1.44	\$	1.44	\$	0.01	\$	0.01	\$ 1.45	\$	1.45	0.00%
Construction-in-Progress		0.95		0.52		1.04		-	1.99		0.52	280.69%
Buildings		14.20		14.57		0.01		0.01	14.22		14.59	-2.52%
Improvements other than building		2.77		2.87		-		-	2.77		2.87	-3.56%
Infrastructure		17.30		17.27		9.84		10.14	27.14		27.41	-1.00%
Machinery and equipment		0.75		0.76		0.21		0.23	 0.95		0.99	-3.97%
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	37.42	\$	37.44	\$	11.11	\$	10.39	\$ 48.52	\$	47.84	1.44%

The following table summarizes the Town's capital assets at the end of the year:

Additional detail and information on capital asset activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, Note 5.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

During the year, Long-Term Debt from governmental activities decreased by \$0.62 million primarily due to debt service payments, while Long-Term Debt attributable to business type activities decreased by \$.15 million. The reductions resulted from debt service payments.

Table 5 - Outstand	ing Long-Ter	m Debt at Y	ear End	1	
		Go	vernmen	tal Activities	
		2021		2020	% Change
2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$	7.73	\$	8.00	-3.38%
Unamortized Premiums		0.37		0.39	-5.00%
2020 Financing Lease - Direct Borrowing		1.99		2.30	-13.55%
CEC Loan - Direct Borrowing		0.03		0.05	-39.11%
Total outstanding long-term debt	\$	10.12	\$	10.74	-5.78%
		Bu	siness-ty	pe Activities	
		2021		2020	% Change
PG&E Loan	\$	0.01	\$	0.03	-50.00%
State Revolving Loan		0.90		1.04	-13.64%
Total outstanding long-term debt	\$	0.91	\$	1.07	-14.49%

The following table summarizes the Town's debt at the end of the year:

Additional detail and information on long-term debt activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, Note 6.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Changes from the Town's General Fund original budget to the final budget are detailed in the *Required Supplementary Information* section along with a comparison to actual activity for the year ended. In Fiscal Year 2020/2021, the Town originally estimated that a \$667,186 drawdown from fund balance was needed to maintain normal operations, however due to increased performance in revenues and decreased spending, the Town ended the year with a positive fund balance without the use of reserves.

Revenues

The General Fund adopted and final revenue budgets were \$9.79 and \$8.75 million. A review of the 2020/2021 budget shows actual revenues recorded were \$10.47 million or 7% more than the Town's original budget. This increase in revenues was mainly contributed to receiving slightly over 13.4% more in TOT collections than the amended budget anticipated, and a combined 17% greater than expected performance in sales tax and property taxes.

Expenditures

The General Fund adopted expenditure budget was \$9.37 million and the final budget was \$9.45 million. Actual expenditures totaled \$8.19 million, which is 13% less than the Town's original budget. The bulk of general fund savings was generated by a lower cost for Napa County Fire services, and within departments due to programs and projects that were suspended because of COVID-19.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

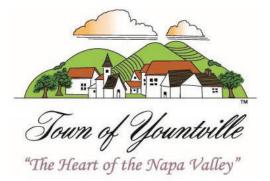
The Town Council adopted a balanced budget for 2021/2022 on June 15, 2021. The proposed \$8.77 million general fund budget is balanced without the use of any reserve funds, however discretionary contributions to the OPEB Trust, Pension Trust and internal repair and replacement reserve funds remain suspended to offset ongoing revenue losses caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. Key items include:

- General Fund revenues are estimated to be \$10.17 million.
- Expenditures are within available revenue stream.
- Proposed budget is largely status quo and maintains existing levels of service.
- Employee count remains at 31 full-time employees
- Implements an extension of the current MOU's with the employee groups, who have agreed to waiving a July 1, 2021 COLA.
- The final of five approved rate increases for water or wastewater utility enterprise fund operations will take effect January 1, 2022.
- Maintained and/or increased fund balances: PARSAC Claims Reserve Fund \$50,000; Legal Contingency Reserve \$200,000; Budget Contingency \$438,386; Revenue Stabilization Reserve Fund \$2,013,616; Emergency Reserve Fund \$2,013,616; Water Enterprise Drought Emergency Reserve Fund \$869,664; Leave Buy Out \$250,000; Workers Comp Self Insured Retention \$20,000; Purchase of Yountville Elementary School \$2,866,075; Purchase Orders \$200,000.

Key infrastructure projects include: Washington Park/Town Facilities ADA Improvements, Annual Street Maintenance and Paving Program, Inflow and Infiltration Reduction Project and Joint Treatment Plant Office Modernization.

REQUEST FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives and spends. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director, Town of Yountville, 6550 Yount Street, Yountville, CA 94599 or visit the Town's website at: www.townofyountville.com.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Town of Yountville Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

	G	overnmental		Business- Type		
ASSETS		Activities		Activities		Total
Current Assets:						
Cash and investments	\$	12,458,820	\$	6,420,371	\$	18,879,191
Restricted cash and investments with fiscal agents		2,885,987		-		2,885,987
Receivables:						
Taxes receivable		2,467,198		-		2,467,198
Accounts receivable		166,865		448,703		615,568
Interest receivable		9,217		4,796		14,013
Due from other governments		619,773		-		619,773
Total Current Assets		18,607,860		6,873,870		25,481,730
Noncurrent Assets:		1 400 015				1 400 015
Loans receivable		1,498,915		-		1,498,915
Capital Assets:		2 202 227		1 047 576		2 440 802
Nondepreciable Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		2,393,227		1,047,576 10,059,819		3,440,803
Total Capital Assets, Net		35,022,103				45,081,922
Total Noncurrent Assets		37,415,330 38,914,245		<u>11,107,395</u> 11,107,395		48,522,725 50,021,640
Total Assets	\$	57,522,105	\$	17,981,265	\$	75,503,370
1 otal Assets	\$	57,522,105	¢	17,981,205	¢	75,505,570
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Adjustments	\$	850,808	\$	306,380	\$	1,157,188
OPEB Adjustments		-		-		-
Deferred Loss on Refunding		266,851		-		266,851
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,117,659	\$	306,380	\$	1,424,039
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	539,406	\$	456,853	\$	996,259
Other current liabilities		99,494		-		99,494
Interest payable		24,838		10,630		35,468
Compensated absences, due within one year		55,590		18,600		74,190
Long-term debt, due within one year		601,330		157,415		758,745
Total Current Liabilities		1,320,658		643,498		1,964,156
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Net pension liability		3,320,211		1,069,164		4,389,375
Net OPEB liability		232,394		75,006		307,400
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		166,770		60,815		227,585
Long-term debt - due in more than one year		9,514,331		750,796		10,265,127
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		13,233,706		1,955,781		15,189,487
Total Liabilities	\$	14,554,364	\$	2,599,279	\$	17,153,643
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension Adjustments	\$	18,428	\$	38,454	\$	56,882
OPEB Adjustments		773,439		249,628		1,023,067
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	791,867	\$	288,082	\$	1,079,949
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	27,566,520	\$	10,199,184	\$	37,765,704
Restricted for:						
Streets		839,222		-		839,222
Housing		2,687,485		-		2,687,485
Cultural programs		207,165		-		207,165
Other		1,512		-		1,512
Pension stabilization		2,885,985		-		2,885,985
Debt service		30,864		-		30,864
Total Restricted		6,652,233		-		6,652,233
Unrestricted		9,074,780		5,201,100		14,275,880
Total Net Position	\$	43,293,533	\$	15,400,284	\$	58,693,817

Town of Yountville Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

					Program	Rev	enues						
Functions/Programs	Expenses	(Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	Total		rnmental ivities	Business-Type Activities		Total
Primary Government:								-					
Governmental Activities:													
General Government	\$ 3,225,894	\$	595,162	\$	545,177	\$	-	\$ 1,140,339	\$ (2	,085,555)		\$	(2,085,555)
Housing	166,206		-		431,910		-	431,910		265,704			265,704
Public Safety	1,705,529		423		195,618		-	196,041	(1	,509,488)			(1,509,488)
Public Works	3,082,481		25,004		11,074		996,665	1,032,743	(2	,049,738)			(2,049,738)
Community Promotion	382,518		32,600		11,461		-	44,061		(338,457)			(338,457)
Parks and Recreation	1,672,840		156,181		44,444		-	200,625	(1	,472,215)			(1,472,215)
Interest and fiscal charges	303,935		-		-		-	-		(303,935)			(303,935)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 10,539,403	\$	809,370	\$	1,239,684	\$	996,665	\$ 3,045,719	(7	,493,684)			(7,493,684)
Business-Type Activities:													
Water Services	\$ 1,646,622	\$	1,719,700	\$	-	\$	71,935	\$ 1,791,635			\$ 145,013		145,013
Wastewater Services	1,827,626		2,363,870		-		156,533	2,520,403			692,777		692,777
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 3,474,248	\$	4,083,570	\$	-	\$	228,468	\$ 4,312,038	•		837,790		837,790
	General Revenue Taxes: Property taxe	es								,102,666			2,102,666
	Sales and use									,141,775			1,141,775
	Transient oc	-	ncy taxes						4	,841,120			4,841,120
	Franchise tax								0	115,593	·		115,593
	Total taxes Investment ear								8	,201,154 604,757	10,187		8,201,154 614,944
	Other revenues	-	5							319,823	661		320,484
	Total Genera		Vanuag						0	,125,734	10,848		9,136,582
	Transfers	I KC	venues)	27,138	(27,138		9,130,382
		eral F	Revenues and	Tra	nsfers				9	,152,872	(16,290	<u> </u>	9,136,582
	Change in	Net	Position						1	,659,188	821,500		2,480,688
	Prior Perio	d Ac	Beginning of ljustments - (OPE	B trust reimb		nents			,496,345 138,000	14,578,784		56,075,129 138,000
			Beginning of	Yea	r, As Adjuste	ed				,634,345	14,578,784		56,213,129
	Net Positio	on - I	End of Year						\$ 43	,293,533	\$ 15,400,284	\$	58,693,817

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources accumulated for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds. Significant maintenance projects and major purchases of equipment are also accounted for in the capital projects fund.

Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate resources for repayment of the revenue bonds and capital lease arrangements.

Measure T Fund is used to account for revenue received from the Measure T Ordinance (Napa Countywide Road Maintenance Act) that collects a half cent sales tax going toward projects that improve streets, sidewalks, and related street infrastructure improvements.

				Majo	r Fu	nds						
				Capital		Debt			-	Nonmajor		Total
		General		Projects		Service		Measure T	G	overnmental	G	overnmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS	¢	5 502 021	¢	505 001	¢	20.056	¢		¢	1016 222	¢	12 450 020
Cash and investments	\$	7,793,831	\$	587,801	\$	30,856	\$	-	\$	4,046,332	\$	12,458,820
Cash with fiscal agent		2,885,986		-		1		-		-		2,885,987
Taxes receivable		2,324,308		-		-		-		142,890		2,467,198
Accounts receivable		165,657		-				-		1,208		166,865
Interest receivable		6,051		275		7		-		2,884		9,217
Due from other governments		354,809		-		-		253,359		11,605		619,773
Due from other funds		164,218		-		-		-		22,272		186,490
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-		1,498,915		1,498,915
Total assets	\$	13,694,860	\$	588,076	\$	30,864	\$	253,359	\$	5,726,106	\$	20,293,265
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESO	OURC	CES AND FUN	D B	ALANCES								
Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	373,664	\$	69,302	\$	-	\$	28,765	\$	67,675	\$	539,406
Other liabilities		92,863		-		-		-		6,631		99,494
Due to other funds		22,272		-		-		164,218		-		186,490
Total liabilities		488,799		69,302		-		192,983		74,306		825,390
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenues		179,498		-		-		-		145,215		324,713
Fund Balances:												
Restricted:												
Streets		-		-		-		60,376		778,846		839,222
Housing		-		-		-		-		2,687,485		2,687,485
Cultural programs		-		-		-		-		207,165		207,165
Other		-		-		-		-		1,512		1,512
Pension stabilization		2,885,985		-		-		-		-		2,885,985
Debt service		-		-		30,864		-		-		30,864
Total restricted		2,885,985		-		30,864		60,376		3,675,008		6,652,233
Committed:												
School site purchase		2,866,075		-		-		-		-		2,866,075
Claims		50,000		-		-		-		-		50,000
Capital projects		-		518,774		-		-		-		518,774
OPEB and pensions		222,022		-		-		-		-		222,022
Total committed		3,138,097		518,774		-		-		-		3,656,871
Assigned:												
Leave buy out		163,567		-		-		-		-		163,567
Legal claims		200,000		-		-		-		-		200,000
Workers compensation self-insurance retention		20,000		-		-		-		-		20,000
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		1,857,252		1,857,252
Outstanding purchase orders		250,000		-		-		-		-		250,000
Total assigned		633,567		-		-		-		1,857,252		2,490,819
Unassigned		,								, ,		, ,
Emergencies		2,045,749		-		-		-		-		2,045,749
Unanticipated tourism revenue deficits		2,045,749		-		-		-		_		2,045,749
Budget contingency		415,345		-		-		-		_		415,345
Unassigned		1,862,071		-		-		-		(25,675)		1,836,396
Total unassigned		6,368,914		-				-		(25,675)		6,343,239
Total fund balances		13,026,563		518,774	·	30,864		60,376		5,506,585		19,143,162
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		10,020,000		510,774	·	50,004		50,570		5,500,505		17,175,102
resources and fund balances	\$	13,694,860	\$	588,076	\$	30,864	\$	253,359	\$	5,726,106	\$	20,293,265
				, .		,					_	

Town of Yountville Reconciliation of the Government Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position were different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows: 51,491,019 (14,075,689) Capital assets used in governmental edivities were not current financial resources. Therefore, financial capital assets were adjusted depreciation 51,491,019 (14,075,689) Total Capital Assets 37,415,330 Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, finterest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (24,838) The differences from benefit plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position. 58,941 The difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. 266,851 Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current period expenditures and were reported as unearned in the fund statements. 324,713 Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: (10,115,661) (222,360) (3,320,211) (3,320,211) (3,320,211) (3,320,211) (3,320,211) (3,320,2	Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 19,143,162
they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were adjusted as follows: 51,491,019 Capital assets 51,491,019 Less: accumulated depreciation (14,075,689) Total Capital Assets 37,415,330 Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. (24,838) The differences from benefit plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position. 58,941 The difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt. 266,851 Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current period expenditures and were reported as unearned in the fund statements. 324,713 Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: (10,115,661) Long-term debt (22,2300) (222,300) Net pension liability (3,320,211) (33,20,211) Net OPEB liability (13,890,626) (13,890,626)		
Capital assets51,491,019 (14,075,689)Less: accumulated depreciation(14,075,689) 37,415,330Total Capital Assets37,415,330Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.(24,838)The differences from benefit plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the 	they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The capital assets were	
Less: accumulated depreciation(14,075,689)Total Capital Assets37,415,330Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.(24,838)The differences from benefit plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position.58,941The difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.266,851Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current period expenditures and were reported as unearned in the fund statements.324,713Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: Long-term debt Compensated absences Net pension liability Total Long-Term Obligations(10,115,661) (222,360)Net OPEB liability Total Long-Term Obligations(13,890,626)		51,491,019
Interest payable on long-term debt did not require current financial resources. Therefore, interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.(24,838)The differences from benefit plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position.58,941The difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.266,851Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current period expenditures and were reported as uncarned in the fund statements.324,713Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: Long-term debt Compensated absences Net pension liability (3,220,211) Net OPEB liability Total Long-Term Obligations(10,115,661) (232,394)	*	(14,075,689)
interest payable was not reported as a liability in Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.(24,838)The differences from benefit plan assumptions and estimates versus actuals are not included in the plan's actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred inflows or deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position.58,941The difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.266,851Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current period expenditures and were reported as uncarned in the fund statements.324,713Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: Long-term debt Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total Long-Term Obligations(10,115,661) (232,394) (13,890,626)	Total Capital Assets	
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The difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.266,851Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current period expenditures and were reported as unearned in the fund statements.324,713Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: Long-term debt Compensated absences Net pension liability(10,115,661) (222,360) (3,320,211) Net OPEB liabilityNet OPEB liability Total Long-Term Obligations(232,394) (13,890,626)		
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and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.266,851Liabilities were reported for certain revenues that were not available to pay current period expenditures and were reported as unearned in the fund statements.324,713Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: Long-term debt Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total Long-Term Obligations(10,115,661) (232,394) (13,890,626)	The difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price is deferred	
period expenditures and were reported as unearned in the fund statements.324,713Long-term obligations were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: Long-term debt Compensated absences Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total Long-Term Obligations(10,115,661) (222,360) (3,320,211) (232,394) (13,890,626)		266,851
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reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted as follows: Long-term debt (10,115,661) Compensated absences (222,360) Net pension liability (3,320,211) Net OPEB liability (232,394) Total Long-Term Obligations (13,890,626)	period expenditures and were reported as unearned in the fund statements.	324,713
Long-term debt(10,115,661)Compensated absences(222,360)Net pension liability(3,320,211)Net OPEB liability(232,394)Total Long-Term Obligations(13,890,626)	reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term liabilities were adjusted	
Compensated absences(222,360)Net pension liability(3,320,211)Net OPEB liability(232,394)Total Long-Term Obligations(13,890,626)		(10 115 661)
Net pension liability(3,320,211)Net OPEB liability(232,394)Total Long-Term Obligations(13,890,626)		
Net OPEB liability(232,394)Total Long-Term Obligations(13,890,626)	*	
Total Long-Term Obligations (13,890,626)		
Net Position of Governmental Activities\$ 43,293,533		 (,,)
	Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 43,293,533

Town of Yountville Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Major	Fun	ds					
				Capital		Debt			Nonmajor		Total
		General		Projects		Service		Measure T	Governmental	(Governmental
REVENUES		Fund		Fund		Fund	·	Fund	Funds		Funds
Property taxes	\$	2,102,666	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	2,102,666
Sales taxes	φ	1,141,775	ψ	_	Ψ	-	ψ	-	φ	Φ	1,141,775
Transient occupancy tax		4,821,407		-		-		-	-		4,821,407
Other taxes		115,593		-		-		_	411,328		526,921
Licenses and permits		127,252		-		-		-	32,600		159,852
Fines and forfeitures		63,855		-		-		-	-		63,855
Intergovernmental		567,438		144,700		-		550,281	121,239		1,383,658
Interest		585,196		(1,289)		1,309		-	19,541		604,757
Rent and concessions		292,335		-		-		-	-		292,335
Charges for Services		291,312		-		-		-	2,754		294,066
Other Revenue		364,265		183,637		-		-	33,408		581,310
Total Revenues		10,473,094		327,048		1,309	_	550,281	620,870		11,972,602
EXPENDITURES											
Current:											
General Government		2,946,630		-		1,650		-	-		2,948,280
Housing		-		-		-		-	155,237		155,237
Public Safety		1,592,968		-		-		-	-		1,592,968
Public Works		1,993,685		-		-		-	36,666		2,030,351
Community Promotion		345,519		-		-		-	11,753		357,272
Parks and Recreation		1,287,663		-		-		-	-		1,287,663
Capital outlay		-		588,444		-		463,684	196,298		1,248,426
Debt service											
Principal		19,330		-		582,000		-	-		601,330
Interest and fiscal charges		1,339		-		309,536		-	-		310,875
Total Expenditures		8,187,134		588,444		893,186		463,684	399,954		10,532,402
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		2,285,960		(261,396)		(891,877)		86,597	220,916		1,440,200
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Transfers in		-		101,786		908,387		-	45,510		1,055,683
Transfers out		(976,976)		-		(49,783)		-	(1,786		(1,028,545)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(976,976)		101,786		858,604	_	-	43,724		27,138
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,308,984		(159,610)		(33,273)		86,597	264,640		1,467,338
Fund Balances Beginning		11,579,579		678,384		64,137		(26,221)	5,241,945		17,537,824
Prior Period Adjustments - OPEB reimbursements		138,000		-		-					138,000
Fund Balances Beginning, as Adjusted		11,717,579		678,384		64,137	_	(26,221)	5,241,945		17,675,824
Fund Balances Ending	\$	13,026,563	\$	518,774	\$	30,864	\$	60,376	\$ 5,506,585	\$	19,143,162

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,467,338
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities and Changes in net position were different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in net position, the cost of those assets was allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense		1,065,777 (1,272,141)
Gains and losses related to capital assets in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		179,138
Compensated absences not required to be paid with current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds, but are accrued as noncurrent liabilities in the Government Wide Statement Net Position. The change from prior year accrued compensated absences is reported in the applicable		3,002
program expense. Certain revenues were not recorded or recorded as unearned revenue in the governmental funds		
because they did not meet the revenue recognition criteria of availability. However, they were included as revenue in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities under the full accrual basis.		19,713
The difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the reacquisition price is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the refunded debt or the refunding debt.		(14,045)
In governmental funds, actual contributions to benefit plans are reported as expenditures in the year incurred. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, only the current year benefit expense as noted in the plans' valuation reports is reported as an expense, as adjusted for deferred		
inflows and outflows of resources.		(215,242)
Repayment of long-term debt was an expenditure in governmental funds, but the repayment reduced long-term liabilities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.		601,330
Premiums from the issuance of long-term debt are amortized over the life of the bonds in the Statement of Activities and reported as proceeds when issued in governmental funds.		19,451
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as expenditures in the fund statements as follows: Other postemployment benefits		(196,667)
Interest expense on long-term debt was reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities and Changes in net position, but it did not require the use of current financial		
resources. Therefore, interest expense was not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following amount represented the net change in accrued interest from from prior year.	_	1,534
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,659,188
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PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Water Service Fund accounts for the activities associated with providing water services.

Wastewater Fund accounts for the wastewater treatment plant and wastewater pumping stations and collection systems.

Town of Yountville Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2021

	В		ss-Type Activiti	es	
	 Water		terprise Funds Wastewater		
	Fund		Funds		Total
ASSETS	 				
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,799,025	\$	4,621,346	\$	6,420,371
Accounts receivable	174,211		274,492		448,703
Interest receivable	1,058		3,738		4,796
Total current assets	 1,974,294		4,899,576		6,873,870
Noncurrent assets:	 , ,		, ,		, ,
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable	1,003,278		44,298		1,047,576
Depreciable, net	1,946,476		8,113,343		10,059,819
Total capital assets, net	 2,949,754		8,157,641		11,107,395
Total noncurrent assets	 2,949,754		8,157,641		11,107,395
Total assets	\$ 4,924,048	\$	13,057,217	\$	17,981,265
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension adjustments	\$ 89,326	\$	217,054	\$	306,380
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 408,474	\$	48,379	\$	456,853
Interest payable	-		10,630		10,630
Compensated absences, due within one year	6,662		13,192		19,854
Loans payable, due within one year	 -		160,168		160,168
Total current liabilities	415,136		232,369		647,505
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Net OPEB liability	21,826		53,180		75,006
Net pension liability	311,552		757,612		1,069,164
Compensated absences, due in more than one year	19,984		39,577		59,561
Loans payable, due in more than one year	 -		748,043		748,043
Total noncurrent liabilities	 353,362	_	1,598,412	_	1,951,774
Total liabilities	\$ 768,498	\$	1,830,781	\$	2,599,279
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension adjustments	\$ 11,231	\$	27,223	\$	38,454
OPEB adjustments	 72,637		176,991		249,628
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 83,868	\$	204,214	\$	288,082
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in capital assets	\$ 2,949,754	\$	7,249,430	\$	10,199,184
Unrestricted	 1,211,254		3,989,846		5,201,100
Total net position	\$ 4,161,008	\$	11,239,276	\$	15,400,284

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds						
	Water			Wastewater			
	Fund			Funds		Total	
OPERATING REVENUES	¢	1 510 500	<i>•</i>	2 2 (2 0 5 0	¢	1 0 0 0 5 5 0	
Charges for services	\$	1,719,700	\$	2,363,870	\$	4,083,570	
Other		661		-		661	
Total operating revenues		1,720,361		2,363,870		4,084,231	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel services		455,256		948,662		1,403,918	
Utilities		-		161,523		161,523	
Purchased water		1,019,123		-		1,019,123	
Supplies and materials		80,933		364,634	445,567		
Insurance and claims		31,088		66,426		97,514	
Depreciation		60,222		268,330		328,552	
Total operating expenses		1,646,622		1,809,575		3,456,197	
Operating income (loss)		73,739		554,295		628,034	
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)							
Interest expense		-		(18,051)		(18,051)	
Investment earnings		(512)		10,699		10,187	
Total nonoperating revenues(expenses)		(512)		(7,352)		(7,864)	
Income (loss) before operating transfers		73,227		546,943		620,170	
Capital contributions		71,935		156,533		228,468	
Transfers in		1,350		1,350		2,700	
Transfers out		-		(29,838)		(29,838)	
Net contributions and transfers		73,285		128,045		201,330	
Change in net position		146,512		674,988		821,500	
Total net position - beginning		4,014,496		10,564,288		14,578,784	
Total net position - ending	\$	4,161,008	\$	11,239,276	\$	15,400,284	
B	¥	.,101,000	-	,,,,,,,,,,,,,	÷		

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				
		Water	Wastewater		
		Fund	Funds		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Receipts from customers	\$	1,715,400	\$ 2,377,536	\$	4,092,936
Payments to suppliers		(1,131,413)	(731,485)		(1,862,898)
Payments to employees		(420,177)	(859,437)		(1,279,614)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		163,810	786,614		950,424
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:					
Interfund transactions	1,350		(28,488)		(27,138)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		1,350	(28,488)	(27,138)	
Cash flows from capital financing activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,003,278)	(39,207)		(1,042,485)
Proceeds from capital contributions	71,935		156,533		228,468
Principal payments on long-term debt	-		(157,415)		(157,415)
Interest paid on long-term debt	-		(19,771)		(19,771)
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities		(931,343)	(59,860)		(991,203)
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Investment income received		5,300	19,122		24,422
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		5,300	19,122		24,422
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(760,883)	717,388		(43,495)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		2,559,908	3,903,958		6,463,866
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	1,799,025	\$ 4,621,346	\$	6,420,371
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used)					
by operating activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	73,739	\$ 554,295	\$	628,034
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:					
Depreciation		60,222	268,330		328,552
Change in operating assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivables		(4,961)	13,666		8,705
Deferred outflows of resources		12,601	30,704		43,305
Accounts payable		(269)	(138,902)		(139,171)
Compensated absences		(3,605)	(5,035)		(8,640)
Net OPEB liability		(23,623)	(57,561)		(81,184)
Net pension liability		19,287	46,995		66,282
Deferred inflows of resources		30,419	74,122		104,541
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	163,810	\$ 786,614	\$	950,424

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPEB Trust Funds

Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund accounts for contributions made to the Town's established IRC section 115 irrevocable trust fund with PARS (Public Agency Retirement Services) created as part of the Town's OPEB (other postemployment benefits) funding policy.

Custodial Funds

Custodial Funds accounts for assets collected on behalf of the Napa Valley Tourism Improvement District.

Town of Yountville Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2021

	Other Postemployment Benefit Trust			Napa Valley Tourism Improvement District Custodial Fund		
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	261,412		
Assessments receivable		-		285,779		
Interest receivable		-		189		
Investments at fair value:						
PARS Mutual Fund		5,788,190		-		
Total assets	\$	5,788,190	\$	547,380		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	115,000	\$	219,453		
Total liabilities	\$	115,000	\$	219,453		
NET POSITION						
Restricted for Napa Valley Tourism Imp. District	\$	-	\$	327,927		
Restricted for other postemployment benefits		5,673,190		-		
Total Net Position	\$	5,673,190	\$	327,927		

Town of Yountville Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Other Postemployment Benefit Trust		Napa Valley Tourism Improvement District Custodial Fund		
ADDITIONS	¢		¢	002 57(
Assessments	\$	-	\$	803,576	
Investment income:		1 121 240		1 5 2 5	
Net increase in fair value and investment earnings Investment fees		1,131,240 (28,887)		1,525	
Net investment earnings		1,102,353		1,525	
Total additions	1,102,353			805,101	
		1,102,555		805,101	
DEDUCTIONS					
Payment to Town to reimburse benefits paid		115,000		-	
Payments of assessments to other governments		-		893,449	
Other deductions		-		8,036	
Total deductions		115,000		901,485	
Change in net position		987,353		(96,384)	
Total net position - beginning		4,823,837		-	
Prior period adjustments:					
Reimbursement of Town paid benefits		(138,000)		-	
Implementation of GASB 84		-		424,311	
Total net position - beginning, as adjusted		4,685,837		424,311	
Total net position - ending	\$	5,673,190	\$	327,927	

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the Town of Yountville, California, (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Town's accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Yountville is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and four-member council. The Town provides customary municipal services including general governmental activities, law enforcement, fire and emergency services, streets, maintenance, parks and recreation activities, water and wastewater utility services. Public safety police and fire services are provided to the Town through contractual arrangements with the County of Napa. Accordingly, the Town does not employ resident public safety personnel. The Town and State of California, Department of Veterans Affairs, have an agreement, which provides for the operation of a joint wastewater treatment facility. Under the agreement, the Town purchased the State's then existing treatment plant and land for a price equal to 50 percent of its wastewater treatment plant and facility. Under the agreement, the State of California is to provide capacity in the treatment facility for a maximum daily flow capacity not to exceed one million gallons per day originating from the Veterans Home of California. Under the agreement, the State of California is to pay an annual service charge to the Town for a pro rata share of the cost of operating and maintaining the Town's treatment facility. The State of California is also to pay annually to the Town capital replacement charges, which are to be matched in an equal amount by the Town.

The Town and Veterans Home of California also have a water purchase agreement whereby the Town purchases water from the Veterans Home Rector Reservoir for use in the Town's municipal water enterprise. The Town's obligations to pay for purchased water are allowed to be offset against the obligations of the State of California to the Town for wastewater treatment services purchased by the State.

As required by GAAP, these basic financial statements present the Town and its component units, entities for which the Town is considered to be financially accountable. The Town Council acts as the governing board. In addition, the Town staff performs all administrative and accounting functions for these entities and these entities provide their services entirely to the Town. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the Town's operations and data from these units are combined with data of the Town. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize their legal separateness from the Town. Each blended component unit has a June 30 year-end. The following entities are reported as blended component units:

Yountville Financing Authority

The Yountville Financing Authority was established solely to assist the Town in the issuance of certain revenue bonds. It is controlled by and financially dependent on the Town; its financial activities were accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. The Town Council members serve as the Board of the Yountville Financing Authority.

Yountville Housing Authority

The Yountville Housing Authority was established to promote and assist in the development of affordable housing. It is controlled by and financially dependent on the Town; its financial activities were accounted for in the Housing Opportunity Fund. The Town Council members serve as the Board of the Yountville Housing Authority.

The Town of Yountville annually contracts with the City of Napa for Affordable Housing services. The Town's Housing Programs, which are required with the Town's General Plan Housing Element by the State of California, require subsidy from the General Fund to support mandatory and necessary operations.

Yountville Parking Authority

The Yountville Parking Authority was formed as a joint exercise powers agency (JPA) organized under the laws of the State of California. The Parking Authority is authorized to own, hold, and improve real or personal property and to purchase, lease, obtain an option upon, acquire by gift, grant, bequest, devise, or otherwise, any real or personal property or any interest in property and sell, lease, exchange, transfer, assign, pledge, or dispose of any real or personal property or any interest or right for the purpose of providing and maintaining parking facilities pursuant to the provisions of the California Streets and Highways Code. The Town Council serves as the Board of the Parking Authority. It is controlled by and financially dependent on the Town; its financial activities were accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

Town of Yountville Community Foundation

The Town of Yountville Community Foundation was formed by reorganization of the Yountville School Foundation (Community Foundation). The Community Foundation provides cultural arts programs, music, visual, and performing arts programs, and other services to the Town of Yountville. The Town provides accounting services to the Foundation. The Town controls the appointment of members of the Community Foundation's Board. The Community Foundation provides services entirely for the benefit of the Town.

Separate financial statements are not issued by the Town for these component units.

The Town applies all applicable GASB pronouncements for certain accounting and financial reporting guidance. In December of 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* GASB 62 incorporates pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 into GASB authoritative literature. In June of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* GASB 76 supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* GASB 76 supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* GASB 76 supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* GASB 76 supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments.* GASB 76 also amends GASB 62 and AICPA Pronouncements paragraphs 64, 74, and 82. The GAAP hierarchy sets forth what constitutes GAAP for all state and local governmental entities. It establishes the order of priority of pronouncements and other sources of accounting and financial reporting guidance that a governmental entity should apply. The sources of authoritative GAAP are categorized in descending order of authority as follows:

- a. Officially established accounting principles—Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Category A)
- b. GASB Technical Bulletins; GASB Implementation Guides; and literature of the AICPA cleared by the GASB (Category B).

If the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified by a pronouncement in Category A, a governmental entity should consider whether the accounting treatment is specified by a source in Category B.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The accounts of the Town are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. These funds are established for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or certain objectives in accordance with specific regulations, restrictions, or limitations. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Town's government-wide financial statements include a *Statement of Net Position* and a *Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position*. These statements present summaries of governmental and business-type activities for the Town. Fiduciary activities of the Town are not included in these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

These statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Town's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, are included in the accompanying *Statement of Net Position*. The *Statement of Activities* presents changes in net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenues for the Town in three categories:

- Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Certain eliminations have been made as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 34 in-regards-to interfund activities, payables, and receivables. All internal balances in the Statement of Net Position have been eliminated except those representing balances between the governmental activities and the business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances and eliminated in the total primary government column. In the Statement of Activities, internal fund transactions have been eliminated; however, those

transactions between governmental and business-type activities have not been eliminated. The following interfund activities have been eliminated:

• Transfers in/Transfers out

The Town applies all applicable GASB Pronouncements including all Interpretations currently in effect.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a *Balance Sheet* and a *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net position as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements. The Town has presented all major funds that met the applicable criteria.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are included on the balance sheets. The *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances* present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash, except that revenues subject to accrual (up to 90 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the Town, are property taxes, taxpayer-assessed tax revenues (sales taxes, transient occupancy taxes, etc.), licenses, grant revenues and earnings on investments. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

Unearned revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when the government receives resources before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue is removed from the combined balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

The Town reports the following funds as major funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the resources accumulated for the acquisition of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects not being financed by proprietary funds. Significant maintenance projects and major purchases of equipment are also accounted for in the capital projects fund.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to accumulate resources for repayment of the revenue bonds and capital lease arrangements.

Measure T Fund

The Measure T Fund is used to account for revenue received from the Measure T Ordinance (Napa Countywide Road Maintenance Act) that collects a half cent sales tax going toward projects that improve streets, sidewalks, and related street infrastructure improvements.

Additionally, the Town reports the following nonmajor fund types of governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets in governmental funds.

Proprietary Funds

In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the "economic resources measurement focus". This means all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) and deferred inflows of resources associated with their activities are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal value. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the proprietary fund financial statements.

The Town has the following enterprise funds that have been reported as major:

Water Fund

The Water Fund accounts for the activities associated with providing water services.

Wastewater Fund

The Wastewater Service Fund accounts for the wastewater treatment plant and wastewater pumping stations and collection systems.

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Fiduciary fund financial statements consist of a Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. OPEB Trust Funds are used to report resources that are required to be

Town of Yountville Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

held in trust by the Town for the members and beneficiaries of defined benefit OPEB plans and defined contribution OPEB plans. Agency funds are used by the Town to report activity relating to amounts collected and distributed by the Town for outside parties based on agreements. Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting.

The Town reports the following fiduciary funds:

Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund

The Other Postemployment Benefit Trust Fund accounts for assets held in trust for employee health benefits.

Tourism Improvement District Custodial Fund

The Tourism Improvement District Agency Fund accounts for assets held by the Town on behalf of the Napa Valley Tourism Improvement District.

B. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Town pools cash resources from all funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. The balance in the pooled cash account is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing accounts and other investments for varying terms.

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and shortterm investments with original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents are combined with investments and displayed as Cash and Investments. For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, the Town considers all pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash and investments and restricted cash and investments) held by the Town as cash and cash equivalents because the pool is used essentially as a demand deposit account from the standpoint of the funds. The Town also considers all non-pooled cash and investments (consisting of cash with fiscal agent and restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agent) as cash and cash equivalents because investments meet the criteria for cash equivalents defined above.

Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures - In accordance with GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Disclosures* (Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3), certain disclosure requirements, if applicable, for Deposits and Investment Risks in the following areas: Interest Rate Risk, Overall Credit Risk, Custodial Credit Risk, Concentrations of Credit Risk, and Foreign Currency Risk.

Other disclosures are specified including use of certain methods to present deposits and investments, highly sensitive investments, credit quality at year-end and other disclosures. The Town participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which has invested a portion of the pool funds in Structured Notes and Asset Backed Securities. LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments. In addition, these Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities are subject to market risk as to change in interest rates.

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. In determining this amount, three valuation techniques are available:

- Market approach This approach uses prices generated for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The most common example is an investment in a public security traded in an active exchange such as the NYSE.
- Cost approach This technique determines the amount required to replace the current asset. This approach may be ideal for valuing donations of capital assets or historical treasures.
- Income approach This approach converts future amounts (such as cash flows) into a current discounted amount.

Each of these valuation techniques requires inputs to calculate a fair value. Observable inputs have been maximized in fair value measures, and unobservable inputs have been minimized.

C. Restricted Cash and Investments

Certain restricted cash and investments are held by fiscal agents for the redemption of bonded debt, for acquisition and construction of capital projects, and to meet bond indenture debt reserve requirements. Cash and investments are also restricted for deposits held for others within the enterprise funds. Amounts held in Trust for pension stabilization are also reported as restricted cash and investments.

D. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The Town considers all trade and property tax receivables to be fully collectible and therefore no allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered necessary.

E. Receivables

Billed, but unpaid, services provided to individuals or non-governmental entities are recorded as accounts receivable. Revenues earned but not collected by year-end are accrued. No allowance for uncollectible accounts receivable has been provided as management has determined that uncollectible accounts have historically been immaterial and the direct write-off method does not result in a material difference from the allowance method.

F. Loans Receivable

Under the Town's housing opportunity program, loans are made to qualified individuals and businesses within prescribed project areas for the purpose of housing acquisition, housing rehabilitation and/or economic development. Repayments of the outstanding loans are classified as a revenue source in the applicable funds. The portion of loans receivable deemed to be unavailable have been offset by

Town of Yountville Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Unavailable Revenues in the accompanying financial statements, which is a part of deferred inflows of resources.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets used in governmental fund operations, including infrastructure assets (i.e. roads, curbs, gutters, bridges, sidewalks, drainage systems, lighting systems, and other assets) are reflected in the government-wide financial statements, along with related depreciation. Capital assets are defined by the Town as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 (\$25,000 for infrastructure type assets) and an estimated life in excess of 1 year. Purchased capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are valued at acquisition value on the date donated. Capital assets acquired under lease or purchase agreements are capitalized when the Town accumulates an ownership equity in the assets acquired.

The purpose of depreciation is to spread the cost of capital assets equitably among all users over the life of these assets. The amount charged to depreciation expense each year represents that year's pro rata share of the cost of capital assets.

Depreciation is provided using the straight-line method whereby the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Buildings	30 Years
Building improvements	15-20 Years
Public domain infrastructure	50 Years
System infrastructure	20-100 Years
Vehicles	7 Years
Office equipment	3-7 Years
Automobiles and Trucks	3-5 Years

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

H. Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

I. Interest Payable

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, interest payable of long-term debt is recognized as an incurred liability for governmental fund types. The Town has not allocated the interest on long-term debt to departments. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types do not recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred. Interest on long-term debt is recorded in the fund statements when payment is made.

J. Compensated Absences

It is the Town's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the Town does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the Town. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements or the Town believes it will have to use current resources to liquidate such obligations. Compensated absences in the governmental activities are liquidated primarily by using general fund resources.

K. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental or business-type activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Debt issuance costs are expensed in year incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

L. Benefit Plans

Pension Expense

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plans (the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Expense

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense information about the fiduciary net position of the Town's Retiree Benefits Plan (the OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Measurement Period	June 30, 2020 to June 30, 2021

M. Fund Balances

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the Town classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable

Nonspendable fund balance represents balances set aside to indicate items that do not represent available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed, or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for specific purpose. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed

Committed fund balances have constraints imposed by passage of a Resolution of the Town Council which may be altered only by Resolution of the Town Council. Encumbrances and nonspendable amounts subject to Council commitments are included along with spendable resources. The Town considers Resolutions to be the highest level of action that can be taken by Council that constitutes the most binding constraint.

Assigned

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the Town's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Town Council or its designee and may be changed at the discretion of the Town Council or its designee. This category includes encumbrances; nonspendable amounts, when it is the Town's intent to use proceeds or collections for a specific purpose, and residual fund balances, if any, of Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds, which have not been restricted or committed. The Town Council has not delegated the authority to make assignments of fund balance, and assign fund balance by majority vote.

Unassigned

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

Flow Assumption / Spending Order Policy

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Town considers restricted funds to be spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Town considers amounts to be spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Town Council has directed otherwise.

N. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets

This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets. In addition, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also are included in the net investment in capital assets component of net position

Restricted Net Position

This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position

This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

The detail of amounts reported for each of the above defined net position categories is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the Town's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

O. Interfund Transactions

Interfund services provided and used are accounted for as revenue, expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursed fund. All other interfund transactions, except for interfund services provided and used and reimbursements, are reported as transfers. Nonrecurring or nonroutine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers. All other interfund transfers are reported as transfers.

P. Property Taxes and Special Assessments

Property taxes are levied as of January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. State statutes provide that the property tax rate be limited generally to one percent of market value, be levied by only the County, and be shared by applicable jurisdictions. The County of Napa collects the taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of assessed valuations subject to voter-approved debt. Property taxes are due on November 1 and March 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April

10. The Town receives property taxes pursuant to an arrangement with the County known as the "Teeter Plan". Under the plan, the County assumes responsibility for the collection of delinquent taxes and pays the full allocation to the Town. The Town recognizes property tax revenues in the fiscal year in which they are due to the Town.

Q. Budgetary Information

The Town adopts a budget annually for all governmental fund types. This budget is effective July 1 for the ensuing fiscal year. From the effective date of the budget, which is adopted at the fund level, the amounts stated therein as proposed expenditures become appropriations to the various Town departments. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. The Town Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year. The Town Manager has the authority to make adjustments to the operating budget between departments within the same fund. Transfers of operating budgets between funds, use of unappropriated fund balances, and significant changes in capital improvement project budgets require the approval of the Town Council. The Town's basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

R. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contract and other commitments for expenditures are recorded in order to commit that portion of the applicable appropriation. Encumbrance accounting is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in all funds. All appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

S. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred inflows from unearned revenue. In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have been recorded as deferred inflows from unavailable revenue.

T. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

U. Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84, "Fiduciary Activities." Issued in January 2017, this statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable. The statement is effective beginning fiscal year 2021. The Town continues to meet the fiduciary criteria by classifying activities related to pension and other postemployment benefits as fiduciary. Items previously reported as part of the agency fund classification of the Fiduciary Funds statements were reviewed to evaluate if they met the new custodial funds criteria. The Town did not identify any custodial funds as non-fiduciary. The Town adjusted the cumulative effect of applying the provision of GASB Statement No. 84 as a restatement of beginning fiduciary net position totaling \$424,311. The restricted accounts and balances were reclassified from liabilities to fiduciary net position in the Napa Valley Tourism Improvement District custodial fund.

V. Upcoming New Accounting Pronouncements

The Town is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements of the following recent GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 87, "*Leases.*" Issued in June 2017, this statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for leases by lessees and lessors. It provides guidance on accounting treatment of lease assets, lease liability, short-term leases, certain regulated leases, measurement for leases other than short-term leases and contracts that transfer ownership, subleases, lease-leaseback transactions, intra-entity leases, and leases between related parties. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." Issued in May 2019, this statement provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 92, "Omnibus 2020." Issued in January 2020, this statement was issued for clarity and consistency by addressing practice issues identified from the implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 93, "Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates." Issued in March 2020, this statement is to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an interbank offered rate (IBOR) such as the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." Issued in March 2020, this statement is to improve financial reporting by establishing the definitions of public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs) and available payment arrangement (APAs) and providing uniform guidance on accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet those definitions. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." Issued in May 2020, the statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments by (1) defining a SBITA, (2) establishing that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset-an intangible asset-and a corresponding subscription liability, (3) providing the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, and (4) requiring note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2023.

GASB Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32." Issued in June 2020, the statement will result in more consistent financial reporting of defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution OPEB plans, and other employee benefit plans (e.g., certain Section 457 plans), while mitigating the costs associated with reporting those plans. The statement will be effective beginning fiscal year 2022.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

As of June 30, 2021, cash and investments were reported in the financial statements as follows:

		Governm	ent W	ide			
		Statement of	Net P	osition	Fic	luciary Funds	
	G	overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		tement of Net Position	Total
Cash and investments	\$	12,458,820	\$	6,420,371	\$	261,412	\$ 19,140,603
Restricted cash and investments		2,885,987		-		-	2,885,987
PARS Pooled Investment funds		-		-		5,788,190	 5,788,190
Total cash and investments	\$	15,344,807	\$	6,420,371	\$	6,049,602	\$ 27,814,780

Cash and investments consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

Deposits:	
Cash on hand	\$ 425
Deposits with financial institutions	 1,914,242
Total Deposits	1,914,667
Investments:	
Local Agency Investment Fund	 17,225,936
Total City Treasury	19,140,603
Restricted cash and investments:	
Cash with fiscal agent	 2,885,987
PARS Pooled Investment funds	 5,788,190
Total cash and investments	\$ 27,814,780

A. Cash Deposits

The California Government Code requires California banks and savings and loan associations to secure the Town's cash deposits by pledging securities as collateral. This Code states that collateral pledged in this manner shall have the effect of perfecting a security interest, and places the Town ahead of general creditors of the institution.

The market value of pledged securities must equal at least 110 percent of the Town's cash deposits. California law also allows institutions to secure Town deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes that have a value of 150 percent of the Town's total cash deposits. The Town has waived the collateral requirements for cash deposits which are fully insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The bank balances before reconciling items totaled \$2,684,078 at June 30, 2021 and were different from carrying amounts due to deposits in transit and outstanding checks. The amount uninsured was \$2,434,078, which was collateralized by securities held by pledging financial institutions. The Town follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds, except for funds required to be held by fiscal agents under the provisions of bond indentures. Interest income earned on pooled cash and

investments is allocated to the various funds based on the period-end cash and investment balances. Interest income from cash and investments with fiscal agents is credited directly to the re*lated fund*.

B. Fair Value Measurements

GASB 72 established a hierarchy of inputs to the valuation techniques with three levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are not observable
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as a property valuation or an appraisal.

The Town's investments were not subject to levelling.

C. Investment Policies

Town Investment Policy

Under the provisions of the Town's investment policy, and in accordance with California Government Code, the following investments are authorized:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Securities issued by the U.S. Treasury	n/a	No limit	No limit
U.S. Agency Securities and Instrumentalities	n/a	No limit	No limit
Local Agency Investment Fund	n/a	No limit	No limit
Insured Savings Accounts	n/a	No limit	No limit
California Asset Management Program (CAM	n/a	No limit	No limit
Banker's acceptances	180 Days	40%	5% of portfolio
Time Deposits	n/a	25%	5% of portfolio
Money Market/Mutual Funds	n/a	15%	5% of portfolio
Prime Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	5% of portfolio
Medium-term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	5% of portfolio
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	n/a	30%	5% of portfolio

Investment income in all funds included interest income of \$1,747,711 and unrealized gains from fair value adjustments using the aggregate method of \$(82,479).

The Town's portfolio value fluctuates in an inverse relationship to any change in interest rate. Accordingly, if interest rates rise, the portfolio value will decline. If interest rates fall, the portfolio value will rise. The portfolio for year-end reporting purposes is treated as if it were all sold. Therefore, fund balance must reflect the portfolio's change in value. These portfolio value changes are unrealized unless sold. Generally the Town's practice is to buy and hold investments until maturity dates. Consequently, the Town's investments are carried at fair value.

D. External Investment Pool

The Town's investments with LAIF at June 30, 2021, include a portion of the pool funds invested in Structured Notes and Asset-Backed Securities. These investments include the following:

Structured Notes

These are debt securities (other than asset-backed securities) whose cash flow characteristics (coupon rate, redemption amount, or stated maturity) depend upon one or more indices and/or that have embedded forwards or options.

Asset-Backed Securities

The bulk of asset-backed securities are mortgage-backed securities, entitle their purchasers to receive a share of the cash flows from a pool of assets such as principal and interest repayments from a pool of mortgages (such as CMO's) or credit card receivables.

LAIF is overseen by the Local Agency Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members, in accordance with State statute. The approved investments policy is listed on the LAIF website, located at http://www.treasurer.ca.gov/pmia-laif/.

E. Risk Disclosures

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the term of an investment's maturity, the greater the sensitivity to changes in market interest rates. It is the Town's practice to mitigate interest rate risk by limiting the average maturity of the Town's portfolio to not to exceed three years.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of an investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. With the exception of U.S. Treasury securities and authorized pools, no more than 50% of the Town's total investment portfolio will be invested in a single security type or with a single financial institution to reduce the Town's exposure to credit risks. As of June 30, 2021, the Town's investments were in compliance with the ratings required by the Town's investment policy and Government Code.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the Town contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. As of June 30, 2021, the Town had no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds and external investment pools) that represented 5% or more of the total Town investments.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the Town's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments

in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as LAIF).

As of June 30, 2021, the Town's investments had the following maturities:

Investment Type	12 N	Inths or Less	 Fair Value
Local Agency Investment Funds	\$	17,225,936	\$ 17,225,936
Total Investments	\$	17,225,936	\$ 17,225,936

F. Investments Held in Trust for Other Postemployment Benefits

The Town established an irrevocable Section 115 OPEB Trust with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). As of June 30, 2021, the trust had a balance of \$5,788,190. PARS' policy for allocation of invested assets was as follows:

	Percentage of
Asset Class	Portfolio
Fixed Income	35.00%
Public Equity	60.00%
Liquidity	5.00%
Total	100.00%

At June 30, 2021, PARS held no investments in any one organization that represented 5% of more of fiduciary net position.

Rate of return

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expenses, was 10%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

NOTE 3 - LOANS RECEIVABLE

The \$1,498,915 in notes receivable held by the Town as of June 30, 2021, consists primarily of a \$1,100,000 note related to an affordable housing project developed within the Town. The note bears no interest and matures in 2066. The note is secured by a deed of trust and assignment of rents, and is subordinate to a first and second deed of trust from other parties having provided financing for the project. The remaining \$398,915 consists of three notes with a principal balance of \$203,500 plus earned interest of \$145,215, all deferred and payable at maturity or upon transfer or sale of the underlying property, and one note with a principal balance of \$50,200 due July 1, 2042, which is payable in monthly installments with zero interest.

NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Inter-fund Receivables and Payables

Amounts due to or due from other funds reflect inter-fund balances for services rendered or short-term loans expected to be repaid in the next fiscal year. Advances to or from other funds are long-term loans between funds that are to be repaid in their entirety over several years. As of June 30, 2021, inter-fund receivables and payables consisted of the following:

	D	ue from		Due to
Fund	Ot	her Funds	Ot	her Funds
General Fund	\$	164,218	\$	22,272
Measure T Fund		-		164,218
Nonmajor Funds		22,272		-
Total Due from/to	\$	186,490	\$	186,490

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town loaned \$1.1 million from the Drought Water Reserve Fund to the Water Capital Improvement Fund at 1% interest. Since these funds are consolidated and reported in the Town's Water Fund, the interfund receivable and payable are netted for reporting purposes. The following is a summary of the future loan repayments:

Fiscal Year Ending		Principal	Interest			Total
2022	\$	106,192	\$	9,949	\$	116,141
2023		107,254		8,887		116,141
2024		108,326		7,814		116,140
2025		109,409		6,731		116,140
2026		110,503		5,637		116,140
2027-2030		453,175		11,386		464,561
Total	\$	994,859	\$	50,404	\$	1,045,263

Transfers In/Out

With Council approval resources may be transferred from one fund to another. Transfers from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund were to regular debt service activity of the Town. Transfers from the General Fund to other governmental funds were to provide funding to repair and replacement funds and to provide funding for Town programs. Transfers made from the Wastewater Enterprise Fund to the Debt Service Funds were to provide for debt service requirements. The following summarizes transfers between funds during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

Fund]	Transfer in	Т	ransfer out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	976,976
Capital Projects Fund		101,786		-
Debt Service Fund		908,387		49,783
Nonmajor Funds		45,510		1,786
Water Fund		1,350		-
Wastewater Fund		1,350		29,838
Total Transfers	\$	1,058,383	\$	1,058,383

NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets for governmental activities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

Governmental Activities		Balance July 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Jı	Balance une 30, 2021
Non-depreciable:						
Land	\$	1,441,112	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,441,112
Construction in rogress		523,950	428,165	-		952,115
Total non-depreciable		1,965,062	428,165	-		2,393,227
Depreciable:						
Buildings		19,827,271	-	-		19,827,271
Improvements other than building		4,439,620	-	-		4,439,620
Infrastructure		22,524,643	560,962	-		23,085,605
Machinery and equipment		1,668,645	76,651	-		1,745,296
Total depreciable		48,460,179	637,613	-		49,097,792
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings		(5,256,469)	(437,424)	70,508		(5,623,385)
Improvements other than building		(1,564,923)	(113,472)	11,018		(1,667,377)
Infrastructure		(5,253,825)	(620,467)	88,243		(5,786,049)
Machinery and equipment		(907,467)	(100,778)	9,367		(998,878)
Total accumulated depreciation		(12,982,684)	(1,272,141)	179,136		(14,075,689)
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_	35,477,495	(634,528)	179,136		35,022,103
Total governmental capital assets	\$	37,442,557	\$ (206,363)	\$ 179,136	\$	37,415,330

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to the following programs during the year:

General Government	\$ 69,285
Public Works	908,665
Parks and Recreation	 294,191
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,272,141

Capital assets for business-type activities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

		Balance				Balance
Business Type Activities	J	uly 1, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Ju	ine 30, 2021
Non Depreciable						
Land	\$	5,091	\$ -	\$ -	\$	5,091
Construction in progress		-	1,042,485	-		1,042,485
Total Non-Depreciable		5,091	1,042,485	-		1,047,576
Depreciable:						
Buildings		40,001	-	-		40,001
Systems		17,191,679	-	-		17,191,679
Machinery and rquipment		1,051,036	-	-		1,051,036
Total Depreciable		18,282,716	-	-		18,282,716
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Buildings		(25,558)	(1,118)	-		(26,676)
Systems		(7,049,644)	(302,811)	-		(7,352,455)
Machinery and equipment		(819,144)	(24,622)	-		(843,766)
Total accumulated depreciation		(7,894,346)	(328,551)	-		(8,222,897)
Total depreciable capital assets, net		10,388,370	(328,551)	-		10,059,819
Total business type capital assets	\$	10,393,461	\$ 713,934	\$ -	\$	11,107,395

NOTE 6 - NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

The Town's noncurrent liabilities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2021:

Description	Л	Balance 11y 01, 2020		Additions		Deletions	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2021	W	Due Tithin One Year
Lease Revenue Bonds:		, 01, 2020		T IIIIIII III		Denemons				1.000
2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds	\$	7,995,000	\$	-	\$	270,000	\$	7,725,000	\$	285,000
Unamortized Premiums	*	389,017	Ť	-	*	19,451	+	369,566	*	-
Subtotal Lease Revenue Bonds		8,384,017		-		289,451		8,094,566		285,000
2020 Financing Lease - Direct Borrowing		2,303,000		-		312,000		1,991,000		316,000
CEC Loan - Direct Borrowing		49,425		-		19,330		30,095		19,914
Net Pension Liability		3,114,846		1,347,752		1,142,387		3,320,211		-
Net OPEB Liability		483,933		593,050		844,589		232,394		-
Compensated Absences		225,363		250,847		253,850		222,360		55,590
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	14,560,584	\$	2,191,649	\$	2,861,607	\$	13,890,626	\$	676,504
		Balance						Balance	W	Due Ithin One
Business-Type Activities	Jı	ıly 01, 2020		Additions		Deletions	Ju	ine 30, 2021		Year
Direct Borrowings:										
PG&E Loan	\$	25,050	\$	-	\$	12,525	\$	12,525	\$	12,525
State Revolving Loan		1,040,576		-		144,890		895,686		147,643
Net Pension Liability		1,002,882		433,933		367,651		1,069,164		-
Net OPEB Liability		156,190		191,410		272,594		75,006		-
Compensated Absences		88,055		80,984		89,624		79,415		19,854
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	2,312,753	\$	706,327	\$	887,284	\$	2,131,796	\$	180,022

2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds

The Yountville Finance Authority issued \$8,500,000 of 2017 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, entered into a Site Lease with the Town, and a Facilities Lease with the Town wherein the Town essentially agreed to make all principal and interest payments. The lease obligation payable and lease receivable between the Town and the Authority have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements.

The bonds consist of \$8,500,000 in serial bonds and bear interest at 2 to 5 percent that is payable June 1st and December 1st through 2039. The bonds are subject to optional early redemption without premium at the option of the Town. The Town has not pledged any specific revenues for repayment of the bonds. The Town has agreed to include the lease payments due to the Authority (and assigned by the Authority to the bond trustee) in its annual budgets and to make annual appropriations. The bond refunding resulted in an accounting deferred loss on refunding of \$308,986, and an economic gain of \$2,100,000 through final maturity in 2039.

The Town accounts for the bonds in its governmental activities and uses general fund resources to fund the principal and interest payments. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Pricipal		Pricipal Interest		Debt Service	
2022	\$	285,000	\$	257,644	\$	542,644
2023		300,000		243,019		543,019
2024		315,000		227,644		542,644
2025		330,000		211,519		541,519
2026		350,000		194,519		544,519
2027-2031		1,900,000		803,034		2,703,034
2032-2036		2,215,000		487,363		2,702,363
2037-2040		2,030,000		129,217		2,159,217
Total	\$	7,725,000	\$	2,553,959	\$	10,278,959

2020 Financing Lease

On June 1, 2020 the Town entered into a \$2,303,000 lease agreement with the Yountville Finance Authority which was assigned to Westamerica Bank. The applicable interest rate is 1.66% per annum. The agreement is a Site Lease and a Facilities Lease wherein the Town essentially agreed to make all principal and interest payments. The lease obligation payable and lease receivable between the Town and the Authority have been eliminated in the accompanying financial statements. The proceeds of the lease were used to defease the 2013 Lease Revenue Bonds resulting a deferred loss on refunding of \$1,219 and an economic gain of \$50,517 through the final maturity in 2027.

The Town accounts for the lease in its governmental activities and uses general fund resources to fund the principal and interest payments. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Pricipal]	Interest	D	ebt Service
2022	\$ 316,000	\$	33,051	\$	349,051
2023	324,000		27,805		351,805
2024	330,000		22,427		352,427
2025	336,000		16,949		352,949
2026	337,000		11,371		348,371
2027	 348,000		5,776		353,776
Total	\$ 1,991,000	\$	117,379	\$	2,108,379

CEC Loan

In fiscal year 2011, the Town entered into a loan arrangement with the California Energy Commission (CEC) for the purpose of obtaining financing for energy conservation improvements to Town facilities. The original loan amount was \$200,000, bears interest at 3 percent per annum, and matures December 22, 2022. The loan is payable in semi-annual installments of \$10,334 due each June 22 and December 22. Future debt service payments are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Pricipal		Interest		Debt Service		
2022	\$	19,914	\$	755	\$	20,669	
2023		10,181		153		10,334	
Total	\$	30,095	\$	908	\$	31,003	

PG&E Loan

The Town obtained a no interest \$115,856 loan from PG&E for the purpose of financing a wastewater methane capture project. The loan is payable in monthly installments of \$1,044 or \$12,525 annually through June 2022. The loan is accounted for in the Town's wastewater enterprise fund. The outstanding balance of the loan as of June 30, 2021 was \$12,525.

Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan

In fiscal 2014, the Town obtained a \$3,465,362 State Revolving Fund Loan for the purpose of financing the Yountville Water Recycling Expansion Project. The proceeds are drawn down as costs are incurred and the Town has received \$2,725,340 in loan proceeds. The loan and projects are accounted for in the Town's wastewater enterprise fund. The loan has a term of 20 years, is repayable in annual installments, and bears interest at 1.9 percent. In November of 2019, the Town prepaid \$1,091,109, reducing the loan terms and saving interest of \$259,000. The loan matures in November 2026.

The annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year	Pricipal		Interest		Debt Service		
2022	\$	147,643	\$	17,018	\$	164,661	
2023		150,448		14,213		164,661	
2024		153,307		11,354		164,661	
2025		156,219		8,442		164,661	
2026		159,188		5,473		164,661	
2027		128,882		2,449		131,331	
Total	\$	895,687	\$	58,949	\$	954,636	

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences comprise of unpaid vacation and are accrued as earned. The Town's liability for compensated absences is recorded in various governmental funds only if they have matured. The liability for compensated absences is determined annually. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the general fund.

Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability

See Note 8 for pensions and Note 9 for other postemployment benefits.

NOTE 7 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town obtains insurance coverages.

The Town is a member of the Public Agency Risk Sharing Authority of California, a joint powers authority, which provides joint protection programs for public entities covering automobile, general liability, errors and omission losses, workers compensation, and property claims. Under the program, the Town has a \$10,000 retention limit similar to a deductible with the Authority being responsible for losses in excess of the Town's self-insured retention. The Authority carries excess commercial liability policy of \$34 million in excess of its \$1 million retention limit to cover losses up to \$34 million through affiliated risk management authorities. The Authority also provides one billion dollars aggregate per occurrence property coverage to its members with such coverage provided by purchased insurance. The Authority covers workers compensation claims up to its self-insurance limit of \$500,000. The Local Agency Workers Compensation Excess Pool provides excess coverage for an additional \$4.5 million.

The Authority purchases commercial coverage for an additional \$45 million. The Town pays an annual premium to the Authority; the Town may share in any surplus revenues or may be required to pay additional assessments based upon the Authority's operating results. The Town has a \$10,000 deductible for workers compensation insurance coverage, all other losses are paid by the Authority on a first-dollar basis. The Town paid no material uninsured losses during the 2019-2020 fiscal year. Financial statements of the Risk Sharing Authority may be obtained from their administrative offices located at 1525 Response Road, Suite One, Sacramento, California 95815.

Liabilities of the Town are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Settlements have not exceeded coverages for each of the past three fiscal years.

There were no material unpaid and uninsured claims outstanding at the beginning or end of the last two fiscal years.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Description

All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the Public Agency Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Plan) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The Plan consists of individual rate plans (benefit tiers) within a safety risk pool (police and fire) and a miscellaneous risk pool (all other.) Plan assets may be used to pay benefits for any employer rate plan of the safety and miscellaneous risk pools. Accordingly, rate plans within the safety or miscellaneous pools are not separate plans under GASB Statement No. 68.

Town of Yountville Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Individual employers may sponsor more than one rate plan in the miscellaneous or safety risk pools. The Town sponsors three miscellaneous rate plans. Benefit provisions under the Plan are established by State statute and Town resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employee's Retirement Law. The general fund typically is used to liquidate pension liabilities for governmental funds.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

		Miscellaneous	
	Tier 1	Tier 1	PEPRA
Benefit formula	2.7% @ 55	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age	55	55	62
Monthly benefits as a			
% of eligible compensation	2.70%	2.00%	2.00%
Required employee contribution rates	8.000%	7.000%	6.750%
Required employer contribution rates	14.194%	11.031%	7.732%

Employees Covered

At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plans:

	Miscellaneous
Active	30
Transferred	10
Separated	10
Retired	38
Total	88

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rates are the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Town is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town's contributions were \$651,564.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the Town reported a net pension liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan of \$4,389,375.

The Town's net pension liability for the Plans is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plans are measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for the Plans used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2020 using standard update procedures. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans as of June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.04018%
Proportion - June 30, 2021	0.04034%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	0.00016%

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Town recognized pension expense of \$936,276.

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 red Inflows Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$	-	\$ 31,306
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		226,198	-
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		130,393	-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and			
Proportionate Share of Contributions		105,402	-
Change in Employer's Proportion		43,631	25,576
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		651,564	-
Total	\$	1,157,188	\$ 56,882

The Town reported \$651,564 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of				
Resources				
\$	97,326			
	168,752			
	120,122			
	62,542			
	-			
	-			
\$	448,742			
	C (II R			

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age
	Normal Cost
	Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.50%
Payroll Growth	2.75%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.15% (2)
Mortality	(3)

(1) Varies by entry age and service

(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

(3) Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent. The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	Assumed		
	Asset	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class (a)	Allocation	Years 1 - 10 (b)	Years 11+ (c)
Global Equity	50.00%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.00%	1.00%	2.62%
Private Equity	8.00%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.00%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.00%	0.00%	-0.92%
Total	100.00%		

- (a) In the System's CAFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period.
- (c) An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plans, calculated using the discount rate for the Plans, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous				
1% Decrease		6.15%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	6,803,237			
Current		7.15%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,389,375			
1% Increase		8.15%			
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,394,877			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

PARS Section 115 Trust

During fiscal year 2017-18, the Town established a Section 115 Trust Fund for Pension Costs with Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS). The amount in this trust is not included as part of the Town's net pension liability calculation.

NOTE 9 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

Plan Description

The Town of Yountville administers the Town's retired employees health care plan, a single employer defined benefit health care plan. The plan provides medical benefits to eligible retired Town employees and their beneficiaries. The Town's plan is affiliated with the State of California PERS (CalPERS) in so far as the Town's health insurance premium payments are paid to the CalPERS. CalPERS through an aggregation of single-employer plans pools administrative functions in regard to purchases of commercial health care policies and coverage. Town regulations and resolutions assign authority to establish and amend plan provisions to the Town. A separate OPEB Trust has been established by the Town.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021 (the measurement date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Active employees	33
Inactive employees	19
Total employees	52

Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Town are established and may be amended by the Town. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined annually by the Town Council. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Town contributed \$46,833. Plan members receiving benefits contributed no amounts of the total premiums.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following summarized the actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan included in this fiscal year:

Valuation Date:	January 1, 2020
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry-Age Normal
Amortization Period:	20 years
Asset Valuation Method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.0%
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases	3.0%
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.5%
Investment Rate of Return	6.0%, Net of OPEB plan investment expenses, including inflation
Mortality	MW Scale 2018
Retirement	Rx PA Misc 2.7% @ 55
	Rx PA Misc 2% @ 62

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Town contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Net OPEB Liability

The Town's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 (measurement date) and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020 (valuation date) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 (reporting date).

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The following summarizes the changes in the net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2021:

					Γ	Net OPEB	
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021	T	otal OPEB	Plan Fiduciary			Liability	
(Measurement Date June 30, 2021)		Liability	Ν	et Position		(Asset)	
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$	5,463,960	\$	4,823,837	\$	640,123	
Service cost		335,358		-		335,358	
Interest in Total OPEB Liability		343,104		-		343,104	
Employer contributions		-		46,833		(46,833)	
Actual investment income		-		1,102,352		(1,102,352)	
Benefit payments		(161,833))	(161,833)		-	
Adjustments		-		(138,000)		138,000	
Net changes		516,629		849,352		(332,723)	
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$	5,980,589	\$	5,673,189	\$	307,400	

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

At June 30, 2021, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of			Deferred nflows of
	Res	ources	F	Resources
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$	-	\$	306,424
Difference between actual and expected earnings		-		622,845
Change in assumptions		-		93,798
Totals	\$	-	\$	1,023,067

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, none were the result of Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2022	\$ (234,906)
2023	(230,823)
2024	(223,975)
2025	(242,194)
2026	(77,263)
Thereafter	 (13,906)
Total	\$ (1,023,067)

Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table below.

		Long-Term
	Percentage of	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Portfolio	of Return
Fixed Income	35.00%	3.8% - 6.0%
Public Equity	60.00%	5.7% - 9.7%
Liquidity	5.00%	2.1%
Total	100.00%	

OPEB Expense

The following summarizes the OPEB expense by source during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Service cost	\$ 335,358
Interest in TOL	343,104
Expected investment income	(277,700)
Other	138,000
Difference between actual and expected experience	(59,155)
Difference between actual and expected earnings	(157,644)
Change in assumptions	 (18,107)
OPEB Expense	\$ 303,856

The following summarizes changes in the net OPEB liability as reconciled to OPEB expense during the year ended June 30, 2021:

Net OPEB liability ending	\$ 307,399
Net OPEB liability beginning	 (640,123)
Change in net OPEB liability	(332,724)
Changes in deferred outflows	648,792
Changes in deferred inflows	(59,045)
Employer contributions and implicit subsidy	 46,833
OPEB Expense	\$ 303,856

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate

The net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher, is as follows:

	Discount Rate					
	(1% Decrease)		6.00%		(1% Increase)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,224,826	\$	307,399	\$	(439,854)

Sensitivity to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The net OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates, is as follows:

	Trend Rate				
	(1% Decrease)	6.50%		(1% Increase)	
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ (554,53	38) \$ 307,399	\$	1,393,744	

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Joint Wastewater Treatment Plant

Under its agreement with the State of California, the Town is obligated to provide capacity in its treatment facility for a maximum daily flow capacity not to exceed one million gallons per day originating from the Veterans Home of California. The annual operations and maintenance budget of the Town's wastewater enterprise is subject to approval by the State. The State is also required to approve any expansion of the treatment facility.

The State shall annually pay to the Town an amount equal to the State's share of the capital recovery cost of the joint wastewater treatment facility. The Town is obligated to contribute an annual capital recovery amount equal to the States share of the capital recovery cost of the joint wastewater treatment facility. The State's contributions and related investment earnings are restricted for use only upon those portions of the treatment facilities that benefit the State.

The Town's obligations to maintain, operate, and provide for replacement of the treatment facility are continuous subject to a three-year advance notice termination clause.

Contractor Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the Town had outstanding commitments to contractors totaling \$639,581, with an original contract amount of \$2,080,916.

Lawsuits

The Town is subject to certain matters of litigation that may arise in the normal course of conducting Town business. Town management believes, based upon consultation with legal counsel, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the Town. Additionally, Town management believes that the Town's insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.

Federal and State Grant Programs

The Town participates in Federal and State grant programs. These programs are audited by the Town's independent accountants if required by and in accordance with the provisions of the Uniform Guidance and applicable State requirements. For Federal programs, the Town did not reach the level of qualifying expenditures during the current fiscal year that would require a single audit. Expenditures which may be disallowed, if any, by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time. The Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

COVID-19

The Town of Yountville is highly dependent on tourism-based revenues, such as Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) and Sales Tax generated by restaurants. The continued economic impacts of COVID-19 and additional shelter at home order that was issued in December 2020 prompted a reduction in estimated TOT and Sales Tax revenues for Fiscal Year 2020/2021. Monthly discretionary contributions from the General Fund into the OPEB and Pension Rate Stability Trusts as well as discretionary annual transfers from the General Fund into repair and replacement funds remained suspended. Departmental expenditures in the General Fund were closely monitored and limited for the remainder of the fiscal year. Town staff continued to practice safety procedures such as remote work and no-contact customer service options such as online building permit submittals.

Since the Town Council and Town Manager have been prudent in budgeting conservatively and focusing

on building reserves over the last decade, the Town of Yountville was well prepared and therefore able to continue planned operations and maintain service delivery levels through the remainder of Fiscal Year 2020/2021 with minimal impact. The Town began to see signs of gradual economic recovery in May and June 2021.

NOTE 11 - JOINTLY FORMED ORGANIZATIONS

Jointly governed organizations are regional government or other multi-government arrangements that are jointly governed by representatives from each of the governments that create the organizations, but that are not joint ventures because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility. The Town is a participant in the following jointly governed organizations:

California Intergovernmental Risk Authority (CIRA)

The Town of Yountville is a member of California Intergovernmental Risk Authority. The Authority, under the terms of a Joint Powers Agreement with the Town of Yountville and several other cities and governmental agencies, provides insurance coverage for general liability, automobile liability, and workers compensation claims. Under the arrangement, the Authority purchases liability, automobile liability, automobile liability, and workers compensation insurance and charges participating cities and governmental agencies in amounts planned to match expenses of insurance premiums, estimated payments resulting from self-insurance programs, and operating expenses. The Town's obligations are limited to contributions to pay for related insurance premiums.

Napa Valley Housing Authority

The Town is a member of the Napa Valley Housing Authority created to provide subsidized public housing and related assistance. The Authority was created pursuant to a Joint Powers Agreement, and the Town's obligations are limited to providing funds for a pro rata share of the Authority's operating costs.

Upper Valley Waste Management Agency

The Town is a member of the Agency along with the City of Calistoga, City of St. Helena, and County of Napa. The Agency was formed to provide for economical regional waste management services including uniform rate reviews. Funding for operations is provided from a surcharge placed on landfill dumping fees.

Napa Valley Transportation Authority

The Town is a member of this Joint Powers Agency formed for the purpose of developing transportation planning throughout the County. The Town's obligation is limited to serving on the Agency's committees.

Transit Services Arrangement

The Town is party to an agreement with the City of Calistoga, City of Napa, County of Napa, and the Volunteer Center of Napa County (a private nonprofit organization) for the purpose of providing transit related services within the County. The Town's funding requirement is met by assignment of its TDA transit fund allocation to the County of Napa.

Flood Protection Sales Tax Joint Powers Agreement

The Town is a member of the Joint Powers Agency for the purpose of establishing a plan for the use and equitable distribution of the 1/2% Flood Protection Sales Tax which was passed by voters in March 1998. As a member the Town will receive allocations of the sales tax to be used for projects outlined in the agreement.20

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)



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		Budgeted	Amo	ounts		 ariance with inal Budget
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES		Oliginal		Fillal	 Amounts	 (Negative)
Property taxes	\$	1,775,000	\$	1,775,000	\$ 2,102,666	\$ 327,666
Sales taxes		1,087,000		987,000	1,141,775	154,775
Transient occupancy tax		5,250,000		4,250,000	4,821,407	571,407
Other taxes		125,000		125,000	115,593	(9,407)
Licenses and permits		133,250		133,250	127,252	(5,998)
Fines and forfeitures		65,900		65,900	63,855	(2,045)
Intergovernmental		464,642		464,642	567,438	102,796
Interest		87,000		87,000	585,196	498,196
Rent and concessions		270,900		337,900	292,335	(45,565)
Charges for Services		382,100		382,100	291,312	(90,788)
Other Revenue		150,085		139,085	 364,265	 225,180
Total Revenues		9,790,877		8,746,877	 10,473,094	 1,726,217
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		3,301,299		3,425,068	2,946,630	478,438
Public Safety		1,812,863		1,812,863	1,592,968	219,895
Public Works		2,190,297		2,161,189	1,993,685	167,504
Community Promotion		423,137		423,137	345,519	77,618
Parks and Recreation		1,617,635		1,607,435	1,287,663	319,772
Debt service						
Principal retirement		19,330		19,330	19,330	-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,339		1,339	 1,339	 -
Total Expenditures	_	9,365,900		9,450,361	 8,187,134	 1,263,227
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		424,977		(703,484)	 2,285,960	 2,989,444
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		1,144,000		1,144,000	-	(1,144,000)
Transfers out		(1,946,766)		(1,946,766)	(976,976)	969,790
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(802,766)		(802,766)	 (976,976)	 (174,210)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(377,789)		(1,506,250)	1,308,984	 2,815,234
Fund Balance Beginning		11,579,579		11,579,579	11,579,579	-
Prior Period Adjustments - OPEB reimbursements		138,000		138,000	138,000	-
Fund Balance Beginning, as Adjusted		11,717,579		11,717,579	 11,717,579	 -
Fund Balance Ending	\$	11,339,790	\$	10,211,329	\$ 13,026,563	\$ 2,815,234

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts				ance with al Budget
	(Driginal		Final	1	Actual Amounts		ositive egative)
REVENUES	¢	-10.000	¢		¢		<i></i>	10.001
Intergovernmental	\$	510,000	\$	510,000	\$	550,281	\$	40,281
Total Revenues		510,000		510,000		550,281		40,281
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay		510,000		528,130		463,684		64,446
Total Expenditures		510,000		528,130		463,684		64,446
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		(18,130)		86,597		104,727
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(18,130)		86,597		104,727
Fund Balance Beginning		(26,221)		(26,221)		(26,221)		-
Fund Balance Ending	\$	(26,221)	\$	(44,351)	\$	60,376	\$	104,727

Town of Yountville Schedule of Pension Contributions June 30, 2021 (Last Ten Years)

Miscellaneous Plan Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	 2014 2015	 2015 2016	 2016 2017	 2017 2018	 2018 2019	 2019 2020	 2020 2021
Contractually Required Contributions Contributions in Relation to Contractually	\$ 387,070	\$ 428,289	\$ 474,799	\$ 524,489	\$ 596,324	\$ 691,306	\$ 651,564
Required Contributions	387,070	428,289	474,799	524,489	596,324	691,306	651,564
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -						
Covered Payroll	\$ 2,116,105	\$ 2,310,300	\$ 2,531,110	\$ 2,791,647	\$ 3,083,079	\$ 3,374,258	\$ 3,336,879
Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	18.29%	18.54%	18.76%	18.79%	19.34%	20.49%	19.53%

Notes to Schedule:	
Valuation Date:	June 30, 2019
Assumptions Used:	Entry Age Method used for Actuarial Cost Method
	Level Percentage of Payroll and Direct Rate Smoothing
	3.8 Years Remaining Amortization Period
	Inflation Assumed at 2.5%
	Investment Rate of Returns set at 7.15%
	CalPERS mortality table based on CalPERS' experience and include 15 years of projected ongoing mortality
	improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016 and then decreased from 7.65%

to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018.

The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

Town of Yountville Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability June 30, 2021 (Last Ten Years)

Miscellaneous and Safety Plan Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	. <u> </u>	2014 2015	 2015 2016	 2016 2017	 2017 2018	 2018 2019	 2019 2020	 2020 2021
Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Safety and Misc)		0.03937%	0.04292%	0.04077%	0.04043%	0.03997%	0.04018%	0.04034%
Proportion of Net Pension Liability (Misc Plan Only)		0.09911%	0.10739%	0.10155%	0.10171%	0.10219%	0.10283%	0.10406%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$	2,449,513	\$ 2,946,171	\$ 3,527,582	\$ 4,009,560	\$ 3,851,205	\$ 4,117,728	\$ 4,389,375
Covered Payroll	\$	2,023,677	\$ 2,116,105	\$ 2,310,300	\$ 2,531,110	\$ 2,791,647	\$ 3,083,079	\$ 3,374,258
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll		121.04%	139.23%	152.69%	158.41%	137.95%	133.56%	130.08%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL		81.15%	76.29%	71.85%	72.01%	75.04%	75.67%	75.80%

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only six years are shown.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in fiscal year 2016 and then decreased from 7.65%

to 7.15% in fiscal year 2018.

The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in fiscal year 2019.

Town of Yountville Schedule of OPEB Contributions June 30, 2021 (Last Ten Years)

Fiscal Year Ended	2018 2019 2020 2021						
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	\$ 359,315 \$ 466,440 \$ 480,409 \$ 414,051						
Less: actual contribution in relation to ADC	(574,451) (1,102,044) (405,199) (46,833)						
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ (215,136) \$ (635,604) \$ 75,210 \$ 367,218						
	\$ 3,313,486 \$ 3,083,079 \$ 3,331,741 \$ 3,594,064						
Covered employee payroll Contrib. as a % of covered employee payroll	\$ 3,313,486 \$ 3,083,079 \$ 3,331,741 \$ 3,594,064 17.34% 35.74% 12.16% 1.30%						
Control as a 76 of covered employee payton	17.3470 33.7470 12.1070 1.5070						
Notes to Schedule:							
Assumptions and Methods							
Valuation Date:	January 1, 2020						
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2021						
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry-Age Normal Cost						
Amortization Period:	20 years						
Asset Valuation Method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed						
Actuarial Assumptions:							
Discount Rate	6.0%						
Inflation	2.5%						
Salary Increases	3.0%						
Healthcare Trend Rate	6.5%						
Investment Rate of Return	6.0%, Net of OPEB plan investment expenses,						
	including inflation						
Mortality	MW Scale 2018						
Retirement	Rx PA Misc 2.7% @ 55						
	Rx PA Misc 2% @ 62						

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018.

There were no changes in benefit terms.

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

From FY2019 to FY2020, the discount rate increased from 5.65% to 6%, the inflation rate decreased from 2.75% to 2.5%, the salary increase rate decreased from 3.25% to 3%, the health care trend rate decreased from 7.5% to 6.5% and the rate of return increased from 5.65% to 6%.

Town of Yountville Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability June 30, 2021 (Last Ten Years)

Fiscal Year Ended		2018	2019	2020	2021
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	313,121 \$	323,297 \$	333,804 \$	335,358
Interest		274,234	299,254	326,187	343,104
Differences between expected and actual experience		-	-	(424,734)	-
Changes of assumptions		-	-	(130,013)	-
Benefit payments		(158,101)	(151,304)	(161,410)	(161,833)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		429,254	471,247	(56,166)	516,629
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		4,619,625	5,048,879	5,520,126	5,463,960
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	5,048,879 \$	5,520,126 \$	5,463,960 \$	5,980,589
Plan fiduciary net position					
Employer contributions	\$	574,451 \$	1,102,044 \$	543,199 \$	46,833
Net investment income	Ψ	174,585	236,316	181,024	1,102,353
Benefit payments		(158,101)	(151,304)	(161,410)	(161,833)
Adjustments		-	-	-	(138,000)
Administrative expense		(11,973)	(8,263)	(23,169)	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		578,962	1,178,793	539,644	849,353
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,526,438	3,105,400	4,284,193	4,823,837
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	3,105,400 \$	4,284,193 \$	4,823,837 \$	5,673,190
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	1,943,479	1,235,933	640,123	307,399
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		61.51%	77.61%	88.28%	94.86%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	3,313,486 \$	3,083,079 \$	3,331,741 \$	3,594,064
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		58.65%	40.09%	19.21%	8.55%
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		152.37%	179.05%	164.00%	166.40%

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018.

There were no changes in benefit terms.

From FY2019 to FY2020, the discount rate increased from 5.65% to 6%, the inflation rate decreased from 2.75%

to 2.5%, the salary increase rate decreased from 3.25% to 3%, the health care trend rate decreased from 7.5% to 6.5% and the rate of return increased from 5.65% to 6%.

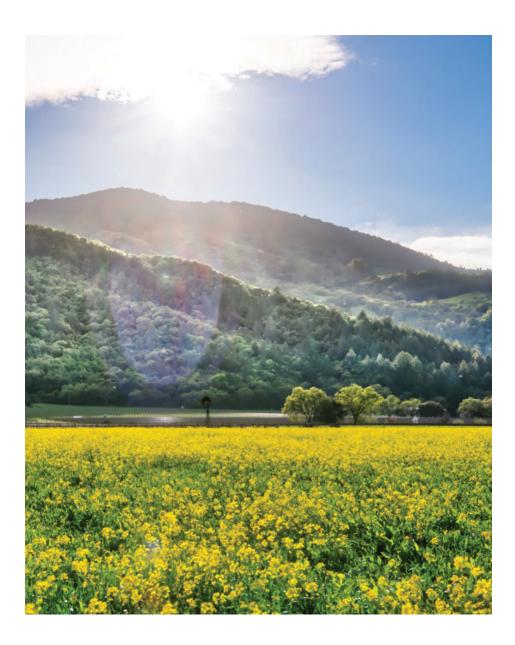
Town of Yountville Schedule of PARS OPEB Trust Investment Returns June 30, 2021 (Last Ten Years)

	Annual Money-weighted Rate of Return, Net
Fiscal Year	of Investment Expenses
2017	9.38%
2018	7.16%
2019	5.36%
2020	5.61%
2021	10.16%

Note: Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

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Supplementary Information



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	 Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	 Original		Final		Amounts	(1	Negative)	
REVENUES		*		*			(
Intergovernmental	\$ 557,000	\$	701,700	\$	144,700	\$	(557,000)	
Interest	20,000		20,000		(1,289)		(21,289)	
Other Revenue	149,000		149,000		183,637		34,637	
Total Revenues	726,000		870,700		327,048		(543,652)	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Total Expenditures	 1,239,380 1,239,380		1,315,554 1,315,554		588,444 588,444		727,110	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (513,380)		(444,854)		(261,396)		183,458	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out	 101,500		101,500		101,786 -		286	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	101,500		101,500		101,786		286	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(411,880)		(343,354)		(159,610)		183,744	
Fund Balance Beginning	678,384		678,384		678,384		-	
Fund Balance Ending	\$ 266,504	\$	335,030	\$	518,774	\$	183,744	

		Budgeted	l Amo		Actual	Fin	ance with al Budget ositive	
		Omiginal		Final		Actual		egative)
REVENUES		Original		ГШа		Amounts	(1)	egative)
Interest	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	1,309	\$	(3,691)
Total Revenues		5,000	Ψ	5,000	÷	1,309	Ψ	(3,691)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		2,850		2,850		1,650		1,200
Debt service								
Principal retirement		565,000		565,000		582,000		(17,000)
Interest and fiscal charges		334,232		334,232		309,536		24,696
Total Expenditures		902,082		902,082		893,186		8,896
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(897,082)		(897,082)		(891,877)		5,205
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		1,176,795		858,082		908,387		50,305
Transfers out		-		-		(49,783)		(49,783)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,176,795		858,082		858,604		522
Net Change in Fund Balance		279,713		(39,000)		(33,273)		5,727
Fund Balance Beginning		64,137		64,137		64,137		-
Fund Balance Ending	\$	343,850	\$	25,137	\$	30,864	\$	5,727

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Gas Tax Fund accounts for funds received from the State of California to use for street and highway related projects.

Public Education and Government Television Fund is used to account for public education and government fees.

Public Art Program Fund is used to account for certain monies paid by commercial applicants applying for building permits restricted for the acquisition, installation, improvement, and maintenance of physical artwork to be displayed in the Town for public view.

Housing Grants Program Fund is used to account for grant funds received for the CalHome Program from the California Department of Housing and Community Development that is restricted for the Owner Occupied Rehabilitation Program to fund necessary home improvement projects for low income eligible residents to bring their home up to current building code standards.

SB1 2017 Road Repair Act Fund is used to account for SB 1 2017 Road Repair Act monies. *Disability Access Fee SB1167 Fund* is used to account for Disability Access fees.

Measure T Equivalent Fund is used to account for 6.67% of other monies to be spent for class 1 bicycle improvements, per the Measure T Ordinance (Napa Countywide Road Maintenance Act).

Fire Services Fund accounts for financial activities relating to the Fire Emergency Services Impact Fee that are restricted to be used to offset additional costs of personnel, facilities, and equipment required to meet demand on fire and medical services generated by new development.

Disability Access Fee SB1167 Fund is used to account for Disability Access fees.

Utility Underground Impact Fee Fund was established to pay for the undergrounding of existing overhead utilities along primary streets. Proceeds of each fee collected are to be allocated to the fund that finances approved utility undergrounding projects.

Housing Opportunity Fund is used to account for monies restricted for the development of affordable housing units.

Measure S Fund is used to account for revenue received from voter approved Measure S which increased transient occupancy tax by 1%. This special tax is for funding programs related to workforce and affordable housing.

Town of Yountville Community Foundation Fund is used to account for the activities of the Town of Yountville Community Foundation.

Tallent Lane Drainage Fund accounts for the activities of the Tallent Lane Benefit District that was established to provide safer and improved access to properties fronting Tallent Lane.

Mesa Court Drainage Fund accounts for activities of the Mesa Court Drainage Benefit District that was established to correct drainage problems within the area of Mesa Court.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds

Measure A Maintenance Fund is used to account for Measure A maintenance capital projects.

Facility Repair and Replacement Fund is used to accumulate resources for repair and replacement capital projects.

Fleet, Tools, and Equipment Repair and Replacement Fund is used to accumulate resources for repair and replacement capital projects.

				Spo	ecial	Revenue Fu	inds			
		Gas Tax Fund	Ec ar	Public lucation Id Gov't Fund		Public Art Program Fund		Housing Grants Program Fund		B1 2017 ad Repair Act Fund
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	57,288	\$	60,233	\$	67,588	\$	7,344	\$	58,262
Taxes receivable	•	-	•	-	*	-	•	-		-
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Interest receivable		39		44		50		(19)		28
Due from other governments		6,305		-		-		-		5,300
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	63,632	\$	60,277	\$	67,638	\$	7,325	\$	63,590
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	¢	10.045	¢		<i>•</i>	2 010	¢	22.000		
Accounts payable	\$	10,845	\$	-	\$	2,910	\$	33,000		20,766
Other liabilities Total liabilities		- 10,845		-		6,631 9,541		33,000		- 20,766
i otar nabinties		10,045		-		9,541		55,000		20,700
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		_		_		_				_
Fund Balances:										
Restricted:										
Streets		52,787		-		-		-		42,824
Housing		-		-		-		-		-
Cultural programs		-		60,277		58,097		-		-
Other		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned:										
Capital projects Unassigned		-		-		-		- (25,675)		-
Total fund balances		52,787		60,277		58,097		(25,675)		42,824
Total fund balances		52,707		00,277		50,077		(25,075)		72,027
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	63,632	\$	60,277	\$	67,638	\$	7,325	\$	63,590
	4	00,002	<u> </u>		¥	0,,000	4	.,520	*	
										Cont'd

				Spe	ecial R	levenue Fu	nds			
ASSETS		easure T quivalent Fund	Se	Fire rvices Fund	Ac Sl	sability cess Fee B 1186 Fund		Utility derground npact Fee Fund		Housing pportunity Fund
Cash and investments	\$	37,047	\$	31	\$	1,634	\$	107,185	\$	166,957
Taxes receivable	*		-	-	Ŧ	-,00.	~	-	-4*	
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Interest receivable		27		-		1		79		123
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable		-		-		-		-		1,498,915
Total assets	\$	37,074	\$	31	\$	1,635	\$	107,264	\$	1,665,995
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Other liabilities	\$	-	\$	-	\$	154	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities		-		-		154		-		_
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		-		-		-		-		145,215
Fund Balances:										
Restricted: Streets		37,074		-		-		107,264		_
Housing		-		-		-		-		1,520,780
Cultural programs		-		-		-		-		-
Other		-		31		1,481		-		-
Assigned:										
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balances		37,074		31		1,481		107,264		1,520,780
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	37,074	\$	31	\$	1,635	\$	107,264	\$	1,665,995
										0 41

	Measure S Fund Community Foundation Lane Drainage Fund C Drainage Fund \$ 1,023,063 \$ 66,519 \$ 17,916 \$ 142,890 - - - - - - 752 - 13 - - - - 22,272 - - - - \$ 1,166,705 \$ 88,791 \$ 17,929											
	YountvilleTallentCommunityLaneMeasure SFoundationDrainage							Mesa Court Drainage Fund				
ASSETS	¢	1 000 0 00	¢	<i>((</i> ,1))	¢	15 01 6	¢	10.0(1				
Cash and investments	\$		\$	66,519	\$	17,916	\$	49,961				
Taxes receivable		142,890		-		-		-				
Accounts receivable Interest receivable		-		-		-		-				
		132		-		15		37				
Due from other governments Due from other funds		-		- רדר רר		-		-				
Loans receivable		-		22,212		-		-				
Total assets	¢	-	¢	-	\$	17 020	\$	49,998				
I Utal assets	Φ	1,100,703	Φ	00,/91	Φ	17,929	Φ	49,990				
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Other liabilities		-		-		-		-				
Total liabilities		-		-		-						
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unavailable revenues		_		_		_		_				
Fund Balances:												
Restricted:												
Streets		-		-		17,929		49,998				
Housing		1,166,705		-		-		-				
Cultural programs		-		88,791		-		-				
Other		-		-		-		-				
Assigned:												
Capital projects		-		-		-		-				
Unassigned		-		-		-		-				
Total fund balances		1,166,705		88,791		17,929		49,998				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of												
resources and fund balances	\$	1,166,705	\$	88,791	\$	17,929	\$	49,998				
								Cont'd				

		C	apital	Projects Fun	ds		
		Facility and Measure A Repair and R				Teet, Tools d Equipment Repair and eplacement Fund	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	469,417	\$	845,391	\$	1,010,496	\$ 4,046,332
Taxes receivable		-		-		-	142,890
Accounts receivable		1,208		-		-	1,208
Interest receivable		345		622		743	2,884
Due from other governments		-		-		-	11,605
Due from other funds		-		-		-	22,272
Loans receivable		-		-		-	 1,498,915
Total assets	\$	470,970	\$	846,013	\$	1,011,239	\$ 5,726,106
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 67,675
Other liabilities		-		-		-	6,631
Total liabilities		-		-		-	 74,306
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable revenues		-		-		_	 145,215
Fund Balances:							
Restricted:							
Streets		470,970		-		-	778,846
Housing		-		-		-	2,687,485
Cultural programs		-		-		-	207,165
Other		-		-		-	1,512
Assigned:							
Capital projects		-		846,013		1,011,239	1,857,252
Unassigned		-		-		-	 (25,675)
Total fund balances		470,970		846,013		1,011,239	 5,506,585
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	470,970	\$	846,013	\$	1,011,239	\$ 5,726,106
	-						 Concluded

Concluded

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Spe	ecial Revenu	ıe Fu	nds			
	 Gas Tax Fund	E	Public ducation 1d Gov't Fund	Public Art Progran Fund			Housing Grants Program Fund		31 2017 ad Repair Act Fund
REVENUES									
Other taxes	\$ -	\$	10,101	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits	-		-	32,0	500		-		-
Intergovernmental	67,374		-		-		-		53,865
Interest	342		251	4	431		177		256
Charges for Services	-		-		-		-		-
Other Revenue	 -		-				29,983		-
Total Revenues	 67,716		10,352	33,0)31		30,160		54,121
EXPENDITURES									
Current:							02 227		
Housing	-		-	26	-		93,237		-
Public Works	-		-	36,0	000		-		-
Community Promotion	-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay Total Expenditures	 69,728 69,728		-	36,0	-		- 93,237		50,102 50,102
i otar Expenditures	 09,728		-	50,0	000		95,257		30,102
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 (2,012)		10,352	(3,0	535)		(63,077)		4,019
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	-		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-		-				-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,012)		10,352	(3,0	535)		(63,077)		4,019
Fund Balances Beginning	 54,799		49,925	61,7	732		37,402		38,805
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 52,787	\$	60,277	\$ 58,0)97	\$	(25,675)	\$	42,824 Cont'd

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				Spo	ecial Re	evenue Fu	nds			
	Eq	Disability Measure T Fire Access Fee Equivalent Services SB 1186 Fund Fund Fund		Uno Im	Utility lerground pact Fee Fund	Hous Opport Fun	unity			
REVENUES	¢		¢		¢		¢		¢	
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		- 184		-		- 6		- 531		- 986
Charges for Services		-		_		2,016		-		700
Other Revenue		-		-		_,010		-		-
Total Revenues		184		-		2,022		531		1,686
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Housing		-		-		-		-	6	2,000
Public Works		-		-		-		-		-
Community Promotion		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	-	-
Total Expenditures		-		-		-		-	6	2,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		184		-		2,022		531	(6	0,314)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	1	5,000
Transfers out		-		-		(1,786)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		(1,786)		-	1	5,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		184		-		236		531	(4	5,314)
Fund Balances Beginning		36,890		31		1,245		106,733	1,56	6,094
Fund Balances Ending	\$	37,074	\$	31	\$	1,481	\$	107,264		0,780 Cont'd

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Ν	Aeasure S Fund	8					Mesa Court brainage Fund				
REVENUES	¢	401 227	¢		¢		¢					
Other taxes	\$	401,227	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-				
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-				
Intergovernmental		- 4,266		-		- 88		- 248				
Charges for Services		-,200		_		3		35				
Other Revenue		-		3,425		-		-				
Total Revenues		405,493		3,425		91		283				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Housing		-		-		-		-				
Public Works		-		-		-		-				
Community Promotion		-		11,753		-		-				
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-				
Total Expenditures		-	·	11,753		-						
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		405,493		(8,328)		91		283				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in		-		30,510		-		-				
Transfers out		-		-		-		-				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		30,510		-		-				
Net Change in Fund Balances		405,493		22,182		91		283				
Fund Balances Beginning		761,212		66,609		17,838		49,715				
Fund Balances Ending	\$	1,166,705	\$	88,791	\$	17,929	\$	49,998				
								Cont'd				

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	C	apital	Projects Fun	ıds			
	leasure A aintenance Fund	R	Facility epair and placement Fund	anc F	leet, Tools l Equipment Repair and eplacement Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES						<i>.</i>	444.000
Other taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	411,328
Licenses and permits	-		-		-		32,600
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		121,239
Interest	2,326		4,441		5,008		19,541
Charges for Services	-		-		-		2,754
Other Revenue	 -		-		-		33,408
Total Revenues	 2,326		4,441		5,008		620,870
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Housing							155,237
Public Works	-		-		-		36,666
Community Promotion	-		-		-		11,753
Capital outlay	_		76,468		_		196,298
Total Expenditures	 		76,468				399,954
Total Expenditures			70,100				577,751
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 2,326		(72,027)		5,008		220,916
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	-		-		-		45,510
Transfers out	 -		-		-		(1,786)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -		-		-		43,724
Net Change in Fund Balances	2,326		(72,027)		5,008		264,640
Fund Balances Beginning	 468,644		918,040		1,006,231		5,241,945
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 470,970	\$	846,013	\$	1,011,239	\$	5,506,585
							Concluded

Concluded

				Gas Ta	x Fun	d		
		Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Fina Po	ance with l Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES								
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		72,368		72,368		67,374		(4,994)
Interest Rent and concessions		500		500		342		(158)
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-
Other Revenue		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		72,868		72,868		67,716		(5,152)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		-		-		-
Housing		-		-		-		-
Public Works		-		-		-		-
Community Promotion		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		72,000		72,000		69,728		2,272
Total Expenditures		72,000		72,000		69,728		2,272
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		868		868		(2,012)		(2,880)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		868		868		(2,012)		(2,880)
Fund Balances Beginning		54,799		54,799		54,799		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	55,667	\$	55,667	\$	52,787	\$	(2,880)
								Cont'd

		P	ublie	c Educatior	n and Gov't Fu	ind	
		Budgeted	l Am		Actual	Variance wit Final Budge Positive	
	(Driginal		Final	Amounts	(N	legative)
REVENUES							
Other taxes	\$	13,500	\$	13,500	\$ 10,101	\$	(3,399)
Licenses and permits		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-
Interest		250		250	251		1
Rent and concessions		-		-	-		-
Charges for Services		-		-	-		-
Other Revenue		-		-	-		-
Total Revenues		13,750		13,750	10,352		(3,398)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		5,000		5,000	-		5,000
Housing		-		-	-		-
Public Works		-		-	-		-
Community Promotion		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		5,000		5,000	-		5,000
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		8,750		8,750	10,352		1,602
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		-		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		8,750		8,750	10,352		1,602
Fund Balances Beginning		49,925		49,925	49,925		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	58,675	\$	58,675	\$ 60,277	\$	1,602
							Cont'd

		Public Art I	Program Fund	
	Budgeted		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Other taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Licenses and permits	» - 20,000	» - 20,000	32,600	ۍ - 12,600
Intergovernmental	20,000	20,000	52,000	12,000
Interest	1,000	1,000	431	(569)
Rent and concessions	-	-	-	(50))
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-
Other Revenue	-	-	-	-
Total Revenues	21,000	21,000	33,031	12,031
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General Government	-	-	-	-
Housing	-	-	-	-
Public Works	34,150	36,650	36,666	(16)
Community Promotion	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	34,150	36,650	36,666	(16)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(13,150)	(15,650)	(3,635)	12,015
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(13,150)	(15,650)	(3,635)	12,015
Fund Balances Beginning	61,732	61,732	61,732	
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 48,582	\$ 46,082	\$ 58,097	\$ 12,015
				Cont'd

		H	Iousing Gra	Grants Program Fund			
		Budgeted			Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original	Final		Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES	¢		¢	¢		¢	
Other taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	
Licenses and permits		-	520,000		-	-	
Intergovernmental Interest		520,000 500	520,000		- 177	(520,000) (323)	
Rent and concessions		500	500	J	1//	(323)	
Charges for Services		-	_		_	_	
Other Revenue		_	-		29,983	29,983	
Total Revenues		520,500	520,500)	30,160	(490,340)	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		-	-		-	-	
Housing		520,000	520,000)	93,237	426,763	
Public Works		-	-		-	-	
Community Promotion		-	-		-	-	
Capital outlay		-	-		-	-	
Total Expenditures		520,000	520,000)	93,237	426,763	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		500	500)	(63,077)	(63,577)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-	-		-	-	
Transfers out		-	-		-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-		-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		500	500)	(63,077)	(63,577)	
Fund Balances Beginning		37,402	37,402	2	37,402	-	
Fund Balances Ending	\$	37,902	\$ 37,902	2 \$	(25,675)	\$ (63,577)	
						Cont'd	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

REVENUES		Budgeted Driginal	nounts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES								
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		50,408		50,408		53,865		3,457
Interest		250		250		256		6
Rent and concessions		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-
Other Revenue		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		50,658		50,658		54,121		3,463
EXPENDITURES Current:								
General Government		-		-		-		-
Housing		-		-		-		-
Public Works		-		-		-		-
Community Promotion		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		50,000		50,000		50,102		(102)
Total Expenditures		50,000		50,000		50,102		(102)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		658		658		4,019		3,361
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		-		_		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		658		658		4,019		3,361
Fund Balances Beginning		38,805		38,805		38,805		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	39,463	\$	39,463	\$	42,824	\$	3,361
								Cont'd

SB1 2017 Road Repair Act Fund

	Measure T Equivalent Fund									
REVENUES	0	Budgetee Driginal	d Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)				
	¢		ф	¢		¢				
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$	-			
Licenses and permits		-		-	-		-			
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-			
Interest		-		-	184		184			
Rent and concessions		-		-	-		-			
Charges for Services Other Revenue		-		-	-		-			
Total Revenues		-		-	- 184		- 184			
Total Revenues		-		-	184		184			
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
General Government		-		-	-		-			
Housing		-		-	-		-			
Public Works		-		-	-		-			
Community Promotion		-		-	-		-			
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-			
Total Expenditures		-		-	-		-			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		-	184		184			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in		-		-	-		-			
Transfers out		-		-	-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-			
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	184		184			
Fund Balances Beginning		36,890		36,890	36,890		-			
Fund Balances Ending	\$	36,890	\$	36,890 \$	37,074	\$	184			
							Cont'd			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Fire Se	ervices F	und		
		udgeted 4 ginal	Amounts Final		ctual nounts	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Other taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-	-		-		-
Interest Rent and concessions		-	-		-		-
Charges for Services		-	-		-		-
Other Revenue		-	-		-		-
Total Revenues		-	-		-		-
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Housing Public Works Community Promotion Capital outlay Total Expenditures		- - - - -	- - - - -		- - - -		- - - - -
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-	-		-		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- -			- -		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-		-		-
Fund Balances Beginning		31	3	31	31		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	31	\$ 3	31 \$	31	\$	-
							Contld

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			- Actual Amounts	Variance Final B Posit (Negat	udget ive
REVENUES	-	0				
Other taxes	\$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-	-	-		-
Intergovernmental		-	-	-		-
Interest		-	-	6		6
Rent and concessions		-	-	-		-
Charges for Services		1,500	1,500	2,016		516
Other Revenue		-	-	-		-
Total Revenues		1,500	1,500	2,022		522
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		-	-	-		-
Housing		-	-	-		-
Public Works		-	-	-		-
Community Promotion		-	-	-		-
Capital outlay		-	-	-		-
Total Expenditures		-	-	-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		1,500	1,500	2,022		522
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-	-	-		-
Transfers out		(1,500)	(1,500)	(1,786)	(286)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,500)	(1,500)	· · · · · ·	·	(286)
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	236		236
Fund Balances Beginning		1,245	1,245	1,245		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	1,245 \$	1,245	\$ 1,481	\$	236
					(Cont'd

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

DEVENHES		Budgeted Amounts Original Fina				Actual		
REVENUES								
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Interest Rent and concessions		-		-		531		531
		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-
Other Revenue Total Revenues		-		-		- 531		- 531
I otal Revenues		-		-		551		551
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		-		-		-
Housing		-		-		-		-
Public Works		-		-		-		-
Community Promotion		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		-		-		-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		-		531		531
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in								
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		531		531
Fund Balances Beginning		106,733		106,733		106,733		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	106,733	\$	106,733	\$	107,264	\$	531
								Cont'd

Utility Underground Impact Fee Fund

			Η	ousing Opp	g Opporunity Fund			
		Budgeted	nounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	
REVENUES		onginar		1 11101			(1)	-8
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		160,000		160,000		-		(160,000)
Interest		4,000		4,000		986		(3,014)
Rent and concessions		-		-		-		-
Charges for Services		-		-		700		700
Other Revenue		-		-		-		-
Total Revenues		164,000		164,000		1,686		(162,314)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government		-		-		-		-
Housing		229,400		229,400		62,000		167,400
Public Works		-		-		-		-
Community Promotion		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		229,400		229,400		62,000		167,400
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(65,400)		(65,400)		(60,314)		5,086
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Transfers out		-		-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		15,000		15,000		15,000		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(50,400)		(50,400)		(45,314)		5,086
Fund Balances Beginning		1,566,094		1,566,094		1,566,094		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	1,515,694	\$	1,515,694	\$	1,520,780	\$	5,086
								Cont'd

	Measure S Fund							
	Budgeted Amour Original Fi	nts Actual inal Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
REVENUES								
Other taxes	\$ 437,500 \$ 3	354,166 \$ 401,227	\$ 47,061					
Licenses and permits	-		-					
Intergovernmental	-		-					
Interest	4,500	4,500 4,266	(234)					
Rent and concessions	-		-					
Charges for Services Other Revenue	-		-					
Total Revenues	442,000 3	358,666 405,493	46,827					
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
General Government	-		-					
Housing	100,000 1	- 100,000	100,000					
Public Works	-		-					
Community Promotion	-		-					
Capital outlay	-		-					
Total Expenditures	100,000 1		100,000					
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	342,000 2	258,666 405,493	146,827					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	-		-					
Transfers out	-		-					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			-					
Net Change in Fund Balances	342,000	258,666 405,493	146,827					
Fund Balances Beginning	761,212 7	761,212 761,212	-					
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 1,103,212 \$ 1,0	019,878 \$ 1,166,705	\$ 146,827					
			Cont'd					

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgetee	l Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	C	Driginal		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
REVENUES		0				
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	- \$	-	\$ -
Licenses and permits		-		-	-	-
Intergovernmental		-		-	-	-
Interest		-		-	-	-
Rent and concessions		-		-	-	-
Charges for Services		-		-	-	-
Other Revenue		-		-	3,425	3,425
Total Revenues		-		-	3,425	3,425
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		-		-	-	-
Housing		-		-	-	-
Public Works		-		-	-	-
Community Promotion		-		-	11,753	(11,753)
Capital outlay		-		-	-	-
Total Expenditures		-		-	11,753	(11,753)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		-		-	(8,328)	(8,328)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-		-	30,510	30,510
Transfers out		-		-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	30,510	30,510
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-	22,182	22,182
Fund Balances Beginning		66,609		66,609	66,609	
Fund Balances Ending	\$	66,609	\$	66,609 \$	88,791	\$ 22,182
						Cont'd

Town of Yountville Community Foundation Fund

			Ta	llent Lane D	rainage Fund		
		mounts Driginal		Final	Actual Amounts	Fina P	ance with Il Budget ositive egative)
REVENUES							
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-
Interest		250		250	88		(162)
Rent and concessions		-		-	-		-
Charges for Services		-		-	3		3
Other Revenue		-		-	-		-
Total Revenues		250		250	91		(159)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		-		-	-		-
Housing		-		-	-		-
Public Works		-		-	-		-
Community Promotion		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		-		-	-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		250		250	91		(159)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		-		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		250		250	91		(159)
Fund Balances Beginning		17,838		17,838	17,838		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	18,088	\$	18,088	\$ 17,929	\$	(159)
							Cont'd

	Mesa Court Drainage Fund						
	Amounts Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Variance wit Final Budge Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Licenses and permits		-		-	-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-	-		-
Interest		800		800	248		(552)
Rent and concessions		-		-	-		-
Charges for Services Other Revenue		-		-	35		35
Total Revenues		800		800	283		(517)
EXPENDITURES Current:							
General Government		-		-	-		-
Housing		-		-	-		-
Public Works		-		-	-		-
Community Promotion		-		-	-		-
Capital outlay		-		-	-		-
Total Expenditures		-		-	-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		800		800	283		(517)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in		-		-	-		-
Transfers out		-		-	-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-	-		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		800		800	283		(517)
Fund Balances Beginning		49,715		49,715	49,715		-
Fund Balances Ending	\$	50,515	\$	50,515	\$ 49,998	\$	(517)
							Cont'd

	Measure A Maint				inter	ntenance Fund			
		Amounts Original Final				- Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		0					<u>``</u>	0)	
Other taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-	
Intergovernmental		20,000		20,000		-		(20,000)	
Interest		5,000		5,000		2,326		(2,674)	
Rent and concessions		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services		-		-		-		-	
Other Revenue		-		-		-		-	
Total Revenues		25,000		25,000		2,326		(22,674)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General Government		-		-		-		-	
Housing		-		-		-		-	
Public Works		20,000		20,000		-		20,000	
Community Promotion		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures		20,000		20,000		-		20,000	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		5,000		5,000		2,326		(2,674)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,000		5,000		2,326		(2,674)	
Fund Balances Beginning		468,644		468,644		468,644		-	
Fund Balances Ending	\$	473,644	\$	473,644	\$	470,970	\$	(2,674)	
								Cont'd	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Amounts Driginal	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		Jiigillai	1 IIIdi	7 mounts	(itegative)	
Other taxes	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -	
Licenses and permits		-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental		-	-	-	-	
Interest		15,000	15,000	4,441	(10,559)	
Rent and concessions		-	-	-	-	
Charges for Services				-	-	
Other Revenue		-	-	-	-	
Total Revenues		15,000 15,000		4,441	(10,559)	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General Government		-	-	-	-	
Housing	-		-	-	-	
Public Works		-	-	-	-	
Community Promotion	-		-	-	-	
Capital outlay		100,000	100,000	76,468	23,532	
Total Expenditures		100,000 10		76,468	23,532	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(85,000)	(85,000)	(72,027)	12,973	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		-	-	-	-	
Transfers out		-		-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	-	-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		(85,000)	(85,000)	(72,027)	12,973	
Fund Balances Beginning		918,040	918,040	918,040	-	
Fund Balances Ending	\$	833,040 \$	833,040 \$	846,013	\$ 12,973	
					Cont'd	

Facility Repair and Replacement Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (GAAP Basis) Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fleet, Tools and Equipment Repair and Replacement Fund

	 Amounts Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES					
Other taxes	\$ - \$	- \$	-	\$ -	
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	
Interest	15,000	15,000	5,008	(9,992)	
Rent and concessions	-	-	-	-	
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	
Other Revenue Total Revenues	 - 15,000	- 15,000	5,008	(9,992)	
EXPENDITURES Current:					
General Government	-	-	-	-	
Housing	-	-	-	-	
Public Works	-	-	-	-	
Community Promotion	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	 -	-	-	-	
Total Expenditures	 -	-	-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	 15,000	15,000	5,008	(9,992)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 -	-	-	-	
Net Change in Fund Balances	15,000	15,000	5,008	(9,992)	
Fund Balances Beginning	 1,006,231	1,006,231	1,006,231		
Fund Balances Ending	\$ 1,021,231 \$	1,021,231 \$	1,011,239	\$ (9,992)	
				Concluded	

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COMPARATIVE ENTERPRISE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Town of Yountville Comparative Statement of Net Position Water Fund

	For the fiscal Year Ended June 30,					
		2021	2020			
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,799,025	\$	2,559,908		
Accounts receivable		174,211		169,250		
Interest receivable		1,058		6,870		
Total current assets		1,974,294		2,736,028		
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		1,003,278		-		
Depreciable, net		1,946,476		2,006,699		
Total capital assets, net		2,949,754		2,006,699		
Total noncurrent assets	2,949,754			2,006,699		
Total assets	\$	4,924,048	\$	4,742,727		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension adjustments	\$	89,326	\$	101,927		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	408,474	\$	408,744		
Compensated absences, due within one year	Ψ	6,662	Ψ	8,100		
Total current liabilities		415,136	·	416,844		
Noncurrent liabilities:		415,150		410,044		
Net OPEB liability		21,826		45,449		
Net pension liability		311,552		292,265		
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		19,984		22,151		
Total noncurrent liabilities		353,362		359,865		
Total liabilities	\$	768,498	\$	776,709		
	Ψ	700,170	Ψ	110,100		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	÷		±			
Pension adjustments	\$	11,231	\$	22,905		
OPEB adjustments		72,637		30,544		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	83,868	\$	53,449		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,949,754	\$	2,006,699		
Unrestricted		1,211,254		2,007,797		
Total net position	\$	4,161,008	\$	4,014,496		

Town of Yountville Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Water Fund

	For the fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
		2021		2020					
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	1,719,700	\$	1,569,612					
Other		661		450					
Total operating revenues		1,720,361		1,570,062					
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personnel services		455,256		448,638					
Purchased water		1,019,123		1,230,238					
Supplies and materials		80,933		111,796					
Insurance and claims		31,088		31,858					
Depreciation		60,222		91,084					
Total operating expenses		1,646,622		1,913,614					
Operating income (loss)		73,739		(343,552)					
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)									
Investment earnings		(512)		47,396					
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		73,227		(296,156)					
Capital contributions		71,935		58,982					
Transfers in		1,350		1,287					
Net contributions and transfers		73,285		60,269					
Change in net position		146,512		(235,887)					
Total net position - beginning		4,014,496		4,250,383					
Total net position - ending	\$	4,161,008	\$	4,014,496					

Town of Yountville Comparative Statement of Net Position Wastewater Fund

	Fo	or the fiscal Ye	ear Ended June 30,			
		2021		2020		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,621,346	\$	3,903,958		
Accounts receivable		274,492		288,158		
Interest receivable		3,738		12,161		
Total current assets		4,899,576		4,204,277		
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Non-depreciable		44,298		5,091		
Depreciable, net		8,113,343		8,381,672		
Total capital assets, net		8,157,641		8,386,763		
Total noncurrent assets		8,157,641		8,386,763		
Total assets	\$	13,057,217	\$	12,591,040		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
	¢	217.054	¢	247 759		
Pension adjustments	\$	217,054	\$	247,758		
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	48,379	\$	187,280		
Interest payable		10,630		12,350		
Due to other funds		-		-		
Compensated absences, due within one year		13,192		10,500		
Loans payable, due within one year		160,168		157,415		
Total current liabilities		232,369		367,545		
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Net OPEB liability		53,180		110,741		
Net pension liability		757,612		710,617		
Compensated absences, due in more than one year		39,577		47,304		
Loans payable, due in more than one year		748,043		908,211		
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,598,412		1,776,873		
Total liabilities	\$	1,830,781	\$	2,144,418		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension adjustments	\$	27,223	\$	55,667		
•	ψ		ψ			
OPEB adjustments	¢	176,991	Φ.	74,425		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	204,214	\$	130,092		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	7,249,430	\$	7,321,137		
Unrestricted		3,989,846		3,243,151		
Total net position	\$	11,239,276	\$	10,564,288		

Town of Yountville Comparative Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Wastewater Fund

	For the fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
		2021		2020					
OPERATING REVENUES									
Charges for services	\$	2,363,870	\$	2,262,488					
Total operating revenues		2,363,870	·	2,262,488					
OPERATING EXPENSES									
Personnel services		948,662		992,276					
Utilities		161,523		143,539					
Supplies and materials		364,634		651,620					
Insurance and claims		66,426		67,350					
Depreciation		268,330		448,249					
Total operating expenses		1,809,575		2,303,034					
Operating income (loss)		554,295		(40,546)					
NONOPERATING REVENUES(EXPENSES)									
Interest expense		(18,051)		(28,377)					
Investment earnings		10,699		73,549					
Total nonoperating revenues(expenses)		(7,352)		45,172					
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		546,943		4,625					
Capital contributions		156,533		211,275					
Transfers in		1,350		1,287					
Transfers out		(29,838)		(28,428)					
Net contributions and transfers		128,045		184,134					
Change in net position		674,988		188,759					
Total net position - beginning		10,564,288		10,375,529					
Total net position - ending	\$	11,239,276	\$	10,564,288					

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Statistical Section



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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statement, note disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents:

Financial Trends Information

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity Information

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand the Town's most significant local revenue source, transient occupancy tax.

Debt Capacity Information

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current level of outstanding debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Town's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's financial report relates to the services the Town provides and activities it performs. This page is intentionally blank

Schedule 1 Town of Yountville Net Position by Component (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

As of June 30	2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019	 2020	 2021
Governmental Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 15,600,528 2,797,707 4,383,284	\$ 17,058,616 2,695,144 5,216,059	\$ 17,708,530 2,719,421 7,832,467	\$ 19,291,210 3,121,984 6,212,977	\$ 24,944,699 3,063,795 6,445,667	\$ 25,585,149 3,118,617 8,658,576	\$ 26,126,737 2,376,909 7,514,541	\$ 26,832,668 4,691,546 9,263,317	\$ 26,987,011 5,959,613 8,549,721	\$ 27,566,520 6,652,233 9,074,780
Total governmental activities	\$ 22,781,519	\$ 24,969,819	\$ 28,260,418	\$ 28,626,171	\$ 34,454,161	\$ 37,362,342	\$ 36,018,187	\$ 40,787,531	\$ 41,496,345	\$ 43,293,533
Business-type Activities Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 8,145,364 328,989 2,304,237	\$ 8,482,356 219,517 2,864,740	\$ 8,813,919 1,856,598 3,226,306	\$ 8,755,655 221,279 5,047,020	\$ 8,715,300 - 6,009,945	\$ 8,582,392 - 6,492,506	\$ 8,374,610 - 6,689,868	\$ 8,226,076 - 6,399,836	\$ 9,327,836 - 5,250,948	\$ 10,199,184 - 5,201,100
Total business-type activities	\$ 10,778,590	\$ 11,566,613	\$ 13,896,823	\$ 14,023,954	\$ 14,725,245	\$ 15,074,898	\$ 15,064,478	\$ 14,625,912	\$ 14,578,784	\$ 15,400,284
Combined Totals Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 23,745,892 3,126,696 6,687,521	\$ 25,540,972 2,914,661 8,080,799	\$ 26,522,449 4,576,019 11,058,773	\$ 28,046,865 3,343,263 11,259,997	\$ 33,659,999 3,063,795 12,455,612	\$ 34,167,541 3,118,617 15,151,082	\$ 34,501,347 2,376,909 14,204,409	\$ 35,058,744 4,691,546 15,663,153	 36,314,847 5,959,613 13,800,669	\$ 37,765,704 6,652,233 14,275,880
Total combined net position	\$ 33,560,109	\$ 36,536,432	\$ 42,157,241	\$ 42,650,125	\$ 49,179,406	\$ 52,437,240	\$ 51,082,665	\$ 55,413,443	\$ 56,075,129	\$ 58,693,817

Schedule 2 Town of Yountville Changes in Net Position (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Governmental Activities										
Expenses										
General Government	\$ 2,485,358	\$ 3,181,511	\$ 4,454,622	\$ 2,802,120	\$ 2,467,485	\$ 3,215,460	\$ 5,351,625	\$ 4,142,908	\$ 3,242,226	\$ 3,225,894
Public Safety	1,194,263	1,220,977	1,295,845	1,317,668	1,374,885	1,413,904	1,497,823	1,535,756	1,626,661	1,705,529
Parks and Recreation	1,450,547	1,611,586	1,653,330	1,719,272	1,856,394	1,867,588	2,060,032	2,117,811	2,203,024	1,672,840
Housing	29,790	36,790	31,790	44,624	49,812	600,080	328,504	77,235	87,931	166,206
Public Works	1,420,437	1,346,587	1,437,007	2,168,798	2,426,255	2,919,403	2,730,071	2,797,528	3,275,960	3,082,481
Community Promotion	353,757	335,383	438,066	473,577	460,866	438,566	429,909	354,456	406,620	382,518
Interest on Long-Term Debt	538,234	557,325	592,599	578,701	552,626	547,050	369,086	365,799	394,555	303,935
Total governmental activities expenses	\$ 7,472,386	\$ 8,290,159	\$ 9,903,259	\$ 9,104,760	\$ 9,188,323	\$ 11,002,051	\$ 12,767,050	\$ 11,391,493	\$ 11,236,977	\$ 10,539,403
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services by Function:										
General Government	\$ 522,317	\$ 439,370		\$ 454,644	\$ 500,090		\$ 1,155,605	\$ 1,309,761		\$ 595,162
Public Safety	9,926	13,698	14,469	5,631	12,012	5,790	4,856	4,210	948	423
Parks and Recreation	228,792	328,997	515,128	461,667	499,082	515,544	476,059	488,808	331,935	156,181
Housing	-	28,307	78,063	26,966	499	496,998	186,635	-	-	-
Public Works	141,135	52,315	235,520	221,836	182,512	18,532	30,801	24,438	8,009	25,004
Community Promotion	-	-	-	-	882	5,000	32,635	133,590	42,619	32,600
Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	2,697	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operating Grants and Contributions	507,676	648,828	682,471	980,662	621,541	812,034	1,511,119	630,237	805,006	1,239,684
Capital Grants and Contributions		800,000	378,168	161,647	3,452,791	1,115,979	531,619	915,463	844,035	996,665
Total governmental program revenues	\$ 1,409,846	\$ 2,314,212	\$ 2,509,543	\$ 2,313,053	\$ 5,269,409	\$ 3,835,906	\$ 3,929,329	\$ 3,506,507	\$ 2,554,145	\$ 3,045,719
Subtotal net revenue (expense)	\$ (6,062,540)	\$ (5,975,947)	\$ (7,393,716)	\$ (6,791,707)	\$ (3,918,914)	\$ (7,166,145)	\$ (8,837,721)	\$ (7,884,986)	\$ (8,682,832)	\$ (7,493,684)
General Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$ 1,005,241	\$ 1,046,639	\$ 1,086,164	\$ 1,164,773	\$ 1,282,355	\$ 1,394,045	\$ 1,675,804	\$ 1,749,648	\$ 2,047,539	\$ 2,102,666
Sales Taxes	934,965	1,087,284	1,260,279	1,317,685	1,431,153	1,335,150	1,269,655	1,491,912	1,448,291	1,141,775
Transient Occupancy Taxes	5,007,467	5,678,023	6,262,880	6,582,041	6,808,527	7,154,474	6,337,525	7,536,887	5,358,618	4,841,120
Vehicle In-Lieu Taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Taxes	146,669	151,937	162,970	141,476	147,519	138,436	116,130	146,796	132,955	115,593
Interest and Investment Earnings	17,381	243,144	163,211	23,507	60,697	49,372	67,913	420,678	364,369	604,757
Other General Revenues	279,263	7,400	1,748,811	10,219	16,653	2,849	465	9,972	14,018	319,823
Special Item: Sale of Parking Lot	-	150,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	-	-	-	-		-	29,343	26,485	25,854	27,138
Total general revenues and transfers	\$ 7,390,986	\$ 8,364,427	\$ 10,684,315	\$ 9,239,701	\$ 9,746,904	\$ 10,074,326	\$ 9,496,835	\$ 11,382,378	\$ 9,391,644	\$ 9,152,872
Change in net position, government activities	\$ 1,328,446	\$ 2,388,480	\$ 3,290,599	\$ 2,447,994	\$ 5,827,990	\$ 2,908,181	\$ 659,114	\$ 3,497,392	\$ 708,812	\$ 1,659,188
Net position, beginning	\$ 21,453,073	\$ 22,581,339	\$ 24,969,819	\$ 26,178,177	\$ 28,626,171	\$ 34,454,161	\$ 35,359,073	\$ 37,290,139	\$ 40,787,533	\$ 41,634,345
Net position, ending	\$ 22,781,519	\$ 24,969,819	\$ 28,260,418	\$ 28,626,171	\$ 34,454,161	\$ 37,362,342	\$ 36,018,187	\$ 40,787,531	\$ 41,496,345	\$ 43,293,533
										Continued

Schedule 2 Town of Yountville Changes in Net Position (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Business-Type Activities										
Expenses										
Water	\$ 810,971	\$ 787,658	\$ 898,516	\$ 985,238	\$ 1,120,451	\$ 1,612,688	\$ 1,367,470	\$ 2,367,096	\$ 1,913,614	\$ 1,646,622
Wastewater	1,244,563	1,153,008	1,268,709	1,320,491	1,546,670	1,637,806	1,821,073	2,002,780	2,331,411	1,827,626
Total business-type expenses	\$ 2,055,534	\$ 1,940,666	\$ 2,167,225	\$ 2,305,729	\$ 2,667,121	\$ 3,250,494	\$ 3,188,543	\$ 4,369,876	\$ 4,245,025	\$ 3,474,248
Program Revenues										
Charges for Services										
Water	\$ 785,559	\$ 1,023,322	\$ 1,213,803	\$ 1,303,497	\$ 1,434,529	\$ 1,350,259	\$ 1,380,728	\$ 1,383,741	\$ 1,569,612	\$ 1,719,700
Wastewater	1,084,349	1,612,386	1,590,422	1,686,528	1,847,970	1,876,094	2,057,905	2,298,025	2,262,488	2,363,870
Capital Grants and Contributions	142,575	92,981	1,693,210	107,943	71,328	354,497	226,484	131,450	270,257	228,468
Total business-type program revenues	\$ 2,012,483	\$ 2,728,689	\$ 4,497,435	\$ 3,097,968	\$ 3,353,827	\$ 3,580,850	\$ 3,665,117	\$ 3,813,216	\$ 4,102,357	\$ 4,312,038
Subtotal net revenue (expense)	\$ (43,051)	\$ 788,023	\$ 2,330,210	\$ 792,239	\$ 686,706	\$ 330,356	\$ 476,574	\$ (556,660)	\$ (142,668)	\$ 837,790
Transfers In/(Out)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29,343)	(26,485)	(25,854)	(27,138)
Interest and Investment Earnings	-	-	-	5,196	14,585	19,297	53,086	144,579	120,944	10,187
Other revenues	-	-	-	-		-			450	661
Change in net position, business activities	\$ (43,051)	\$ 788,023	\$ 2,330,210	\$ 797,435	\$ 701,291	\$ 349,653	\$ 500,317	\$ (438,566)	\$ (47,128)	\$ 821,500
Net position, beginning	\$ 10,821,641	\$ 10,778,590	\$ 11,566,613	\$ 13,226,519	\$ 14,023,954	\$ 14,725,245	\$ 14,564,161	\$ 15,064,478	\$ 14,625,912	\$ 14,578,784
Net position, ending	\$ 10,778,590	\$ 11,566,613	\$ 13,896,823	\$ 14,023,954	\$ 14,725,245	\$ 15,074,898	\$ 15,064,478	\$ 14,625,912	\$ 14,578,784	\$ 15,400,284
Town Government Assets										
Net position, beginning	\$ 32,274,714	\$ 33,359,929	\$ 36,536,432	\$ 39,404,696	(\$ 42,650,125	\$ 49,179,406	\$ 49,923,234	\$ 52,354,617	\$ 55,413,445	\$ 56,213,129
Net position, ending	\$ 33,560,109	\$ 36,536,432	\$ 42,157,241	\$ 42,650,125	\$ 49,179,406	\$ 52,437,240	\$ 51,082,665	\$ 55,413,443	\$ 56,075,129	\$ 58,693,817
Primary Government Totals										
Total primary government expenses	\$ 9,527,920	\$ 10,230,825	\$ 12,070,484	\$ 11,410,489	\$ 11,855,444	\$ 14,252,545	\$ 15,955,593	\$ 15,761,369	\$ 15,482,002	\$ 14,013,651
Total primary government program revenues	3,422,329	5,042,901	7,006,978	5,411,021	8,623,236	7,416,756	7,594,446	7,319,723	6,656,502	7,357,757
Subtotal primary government net revenue (expense)	(6,105,591)	(5,187,924)	(5,063,506)	(5,999,468)	(3,232,208)	(6,835,789)	(8,361,147)	(8,441,646)	(8,825,500)	(6,655,894)
Total primary government general revenues & transfers	7,390,986	8,364,427	10,684,315	9,244,897	9,761,489	10,093,623	9,520,578	11,500,472	9,487,184	9,136,582
Change in net position, primary government	\$ 1,285,395	\$ 3,176,503	\$ 5,620,809	\$ 3,245,429	\$ 6,529,281	\$ 3,257,834	\$ 1,159,431	\$ 3,058,826	\$ 661,684	\$ 2,480,688

Concluded

Schedule 3

Town of Yountville

Fund Balances - All Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
General Fund										
Restricted	\$ -	\$ 9,559	\$ 14,723	\$ 1,461,104	\$ 1,454,999	\$ 1,418,190	\$ 1,493,905	\$ 2,160,819	\$ 2,577,802	\$ 2,885,985
Committed	1,314,813	1,417,384	1,507,749	1,670,000	1,670,000	1,898,177	2,077,057	2,148,319	3,017,343	3,138,097
Assigned	898,014	972,426	2,566,788	3,874,284	3,022,425	2,645,273	3,183,082	3,498,613	741,786	633,567
Unassigned	645,768	1,168,589	19,965	6,867	1,523,696	3,357,172	2,688,112	2,709,631	5,242,648	6,368,914
Total General Fund	2,858,595	3,567,958	4,109,225	7,012,255	7,671,120	9,318,812	9,442,156	10,517,382	11,579,579	13,026,563
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	454,500	721,309	513,737	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted	1,484,271	5,315,330	1,939,068	1,660,880	1,608,796	1,700,427	883,004	2,719,443	3,381,811	3,766,248
Committed	1,231,400	992,599	2,627,311	2,751,989	2,056,647	2,205,643	2,255,116	1,435,726	678,384	518,774
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	87,964	745,336	1,960,928	1,924,271	1,857,252
Unassigned					(3,118)	(75,798)		(25,942)	(26,221)	(25,675)
Total all other governmental funds	3,170,171	7,029,238	5,080,116	4,412,869	3,662,325	3,918,236	3,883,456	6,090,155	5,958,245	6,116,599
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 6,028,766	\$ 10,597,196	\$ 9,189,341	\$ 11,425,124	\$ 11,333,445	\$ 13,237,048	\$ 13,325,612	\$ 16,607,537	\$ 17,537,824	\$ 19,143,162

Schedule 4 Town of Yountville Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances and Debt Service Ratio - Governmental Funds (Thousands of Dollars) Last Ten Fiscal Years

For Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$ 1,005	\$ 1,047	\$ 1,086	\$ 1,139	\$ 1,145	\$ 1,325	\$ 1,652	\$ 1,731	\$ 2,048	\$ 2,103
Sales Taxes	935	1,087	1,260	1,337	1,453	1,293	1,369	1,289	1,448	1,142
Transient Occupancy Taxes	5,007	5,678	6,263	6,582	6,809	7,154	6,338	7,537	5,669	4,821
Other Taxes	139	145	160	167	284	222	151	459	619	527
	78	74	140	86	284 75	130	163	273	196	160
Licenses & permits										
Fines & forfeits	7	9	3	9	5	8	15	57	46	64
Intergovernmental	468	613	970	873	3,810	1,484	845	1,013	901	1,383
Interest and rents	273	247	266	275	307	334	342	657	582	897
Charges for services	625	721	1,188	835	857	1,377	1,640	1,420	554	294
Miscellaneous	263	101	1,852	248	246	258	705	52	167	581
Total revenues	8,800	9,722	13,188	11,551	14,991	13,585	13,220	14,488	12,230	11,972
Expenditures										
General Government	2,368	2,978	4,313	2,668	2,566	3,070	4,797	4,400	3,032	2,948
Public Safety	1,194	1,221	32	1,318	1,375	1,475	328	77	1,573	1,593
Public Works	1,096	1,006	1,296	1,516	1,683	1,719	1,498	1,536	1,990	2,030
Community Promotion	354	335	1,290	474	461	500	1,498	1,917	393	2,030
Housing	30	-	<i>,</i>		33		430	355		155
Parks and recreation			438	45		661			85	
	1,090	1,210	1,252	1,349	1,481	1,633	1,689	1,833	1,735	1,288
Debt Service:										
Principal	409	527	706	724	746	763	790	548	569	601
Interest & other	543	557	601	578	558	539	488	374	416	311
Costs of issuance	-	173	-	-	-	-	227	-	-	-
Capital Outlay	910	1,569	4,887	2,011	6,180	1,617	686	1,464	1,596	1,249
Other			-		-	-	675	-		
Total expenditures	7,994	9,576	14,596	10,722	15,083	11,977	13,389	12,504	11,389	10,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	806	146	(1,408)	829	(92)	1,608	(169)	1,984	841	1,440
Other financing sources (uses)										
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_	-	296	-	_	_	_
Debt issuance						-	8,947	-	2,303	
Payment to escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,719)	-		-
Transfers-in	1,461	2,523	3,218	1,856	3,002	1,898	1,940	4,046	(2,240)	1,055
	,			,				,	3,489	· · · · ·
Transfers-out	(1,461)	(2,523)	(3,218)	(1,856)	(3,002)	(1,898)	(1,911)	(4,019)	(3,463)	(1,028)
Sale of Parking Lot	-	150	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proceeds from borrowing		4,272							_	
Total financing sources (uses)		4,422				296	257	27	89	27
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 806	\$ 4,568	\$ (1,408)	\$ 829	\$ (92)	\$ 1,904	\$ 88	\$ 2,011	\$ 930	\$ 1,467
Total expenditures	\$ 7,994	\$ 9,576	\$ 14,596	\$ 10,722	\$ 15,083	\$ 11.077	\$ 12 280	\$ 12,504	\$ 11,389	\$ 10,532
Capitalized capital outlay	\$ 7,994 -	\$ 9,576	\$ 14,396 3,992	\$ 10,722 1,853	5 13,083 5,934	\$ 11,977 948	\$ 13,389 561	\$ 12,304 1,108	\$ 11,389 1,371	\$ 10,332 1,066
1 1 2			,) >	<i>y-</i>	. *		,	,- · -	,
Non-Capital Outlay expenditures	7,828	7,160	8,090	8,869	9,149	11,029	12,828	11,396	10,018	9,466
Debt Service expenditures	952	1,084	1,307	1,302	1,304	1,302	1,278	922	985	912
Debt Service as % of					·					
non-capital expenses	12.16%	15.14%	16.16%	14.68%	14.25%	11.81%	9.96%	8.09%	9.83%	9.63%

Schedule 5 Town of Yountville Transient Occupancy Tax Revenue Base Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	Estimated Population	Number of Lodging Rooms <u>Town-Wide (2)</u>	Oce	Transient cupancy Tax evenue (2)	Oc	Transient cupancy Tax Per Capita	Transient cupancy Tax <u>Per Room</u>
2012	2,933	456	\$	5,007,467	\$	1,707	\$ 10,981
2013	2,999	456	\$	5,678,023	\$	1,893	\$ 12,452
2014	2,999	450	\$	6,262,880	\$	2,088	\$ 13,918
2015	2,999	451	\$	6,582,041	\$	2,195	\$ 14,594
2016 (1)	2,987	452	\$	6,808,527	\$	2,279	\$ 15,063
2017 (3)	2,935	452	\$	7,154,474	\$	2,438	\$ 15,828
2018 (4)	2,874	451	\$	6,337,514	\$	2,205	\$ 14,052
2019 (5)	2,916	452	\$	7,536,887	\$	2,585	\$ 16,675
2020 (6)	2,685	455	\$	5,668,824	\$	2,111	\$ 12,459
2021 (7)	2,642	455	\$	4,807,007	\$	1,819	\$ 10,565

Notes:

(1) Source: Muniservices LLC

(3) Source: Department of Finance Price Factor and Popluation Information as of January 1, 2017

(4) Source: Department of Finance Price Factor and Popluation Information as of January 1, 2018

(5) Source : Department of Finance letter, Price Factor and Population Information, dated May 2019

(6) Source : Department of Finance letter, Price Factor and Population Information, dated May 2020

(7) Source : Department of Finance letter, Price Factor and Population Information, dated May 2021

Schedule 6 Town of Yountville Transient Occupancy Tax - Principal Payers & Other Statistical Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

		-	Transient Occupancy Tax Revenue By Concentration of Hotel Size												
Fiscal	Occupancy	Average Daily	Total	By Conce	Hotels with	Size	Но	tels with							
Year	Rate	Room Rate	Revenue		<u>50+ Rooms</u>		<u>1 - 4</u>	9 Rooms							
2012	71.60/	¢ 252.00	ф <u>соод</u> 4(д		¢ 4.550.070	-	¢	440,100	6						
2012	71.5%	\$ 353.00	\$ 5,007,467	11	\$ 4,559,278	5	\$	448,189	6						
2013	76.1%	\$ 376.00	\$ 5,678,023	11	\$ 5,111,603	5	\$	566,420	6						
2014	78.8%	\$ 402.00	\$ 6,262,880	11	\$ 5,686,138	5	\$	576,742	6						
2015	75.0%	\$ 442.00	\$ 6,582,041	11	\$ 5,975,233	5	\$	606,808	6						
2016	76.0%	\$ 452.00	\$ 6,808,527	11	\$ 6,198,631	5	\$	609,896	6						
2017	75.7%	\$ 477.00	\$ 7,154,474	11	\$ 6,516,184	5	\$	638,290	6						
2018	63.4%	\$ 506.00	\$ 6,337,514	11	\$ 5,738,747	5	\$	598,767	6						
2019	71.9%	\$ 532.00	\$ 7,536,887	11	\$ 6,851,259	5	\$	685,628	6						
2020	25.2%	\$ 485.00	\$ 5,668,824	11	\$ 5,151,989	5	\$	516,835	6						
2021	74.8%	\$ 734.00	\$ 4,807,007	11	\$ 4,281,642	5	\$	525,365	6						

Notes:

Source: Town Transient Occupancy Tax Data

Schedule 7 Town of Yountville Principal Transient Occupancy Taxpayers - Top Ten Last Ten Fiscal Years (in alphabetical order)

Fiscal Years ended June 30

2021	2020	2019	2018
Bardessono Inn & Spa			
Hotel Villagio	Hotel Yountville	Hotel Yountville	Hotel Yountville
Hotel Yountville	Lavender Inn	Lavender Inn	Lavender Inn
Lavender Inn	Maison Fleurie	Maison Fleurie	Maison Fleurie
Maison Fleurie	Napa Valley Lodge	Napa Valley Lodge	Napa Valley Lodge
Napa Valley Lodge	Napa Valley Railway Inn	Napa Valley Railway Inn	Napa Valley Railway Inn
Napa Valley Railway Inn	North Block Hotel	North Block Hotel	North Block Hotel
North Block Hotel	Petit Logis	Petit Logis	Petit Logis
Petit Logis	Villagio Inn & Spa	Villagio Inn & Spa	Villagio Inn & Spa
Vintage House	Vintage House	Vintage House	Vintage House
2017	2016	2015	2014
Bardessono Inn & Spa			
Hotel Yountville	Hotel Yountville	Hotel Yountville	Hotel Yountville
Lavender Inn	Lavender Inn	Lavender Inn	Lavender Inn
Maison Fleurie	Maison Fleurie	Maison Fleurie	Maison Fleurie
Napa Valley Lodge	Napa Valley Lodge	Napa Valley Lodge	Napa Valley Lodge
Napa Valley Railway Inn			
North Block Hotel	North Block Hotel	North Block Hotel	North Block Hotel
Petit Logis	Petit Logis	Petit Logis	Petit Logis
Villagio Inn & Spa			
Vintage House	Vintage Inn	Vintage Inn	Vintage Inn
2013	2012		
Bardessono Inn & Spa	Bardessono Inn & Spa		
Bordeaux House	Bordeaux House		
Hotel Yountville	Hotel Luca		
Lavender Inn	Hotel Yountville		
Maison Fleurie	Lavender Inn		
Napa Valley Lodge	Maison Fleurie		
Napa Valley Railway Inn	Napa Valley Lodge		
North Block Hotel	Napa Valley Railway Inn		
Villagio Inn & Spa	Villagio Inn & Spa		
Vintage Inn	Vintage Inn		

Schedule 8 Town of Yountville Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type Per Capita & Per Capita Income Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

						Bo	onded Debt:	_	Other Debt:										
		Сс	ountywide		Estimated		Lease Purchase	-		California Energy	Pac	cific Gas &		State		Total	E	Bonded	Bonded Debt as a %
Fiscal	Estimated	Р	er Capita		Yountville	Re	venue Bonds		Cor	nmission		Electric]	Revolving		Outstanding		Debt	of Personal
Year	Population (1)		Income	Per	sonal Income	& (Capital Lease	-		Loan	En	ergy Loan	I	Fund Loan		Debt	Pe	er Capita	Income
2012 (5)	2,933	\$	49,792	\$	146,039,936	\$	11,798,915		\$	184,973	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,983,888	\$	4,086	8.21%
2013 (5)	2,999	\$	54,807	\$	164,366,193	\$	15,546,871	(6)	\$	169,739	\$	112,725	\$	-	\$	15,829,335	\$	5,278	9.63%
2014 (5)	2,999	\$	54,807	\$	164,366,193	\$	14,856,655		\$	154,046	\$	100,200	\$	658,577	\$	15,769,478	\$	5,258	9.59%
2015 (7)	2,999	\$	56,634	\$	169,845,366	\$	14,148,361		\$	137,878	\$	87,675	\$	2,725,340	\$	17,099,254	\$	5,702	10.07%
2016 (8)	2,987	\$	52,576	\$	157,044,512	\$	13,418,766		\$	121,233	\$	75,150	\$	2,605,598	\$	16,220,747	\$	5,430	10.33%
2017 (9)	2,935	\$	61,483	\$	180,452,605	\$	12,681,459		\$	104,074	\$	62,625	\$	2,490,444	\$	15,338,602	\$	5,226	8.50%
2018 (10)	2,874	\$	65,805	\$	189,123,570	\$	12,681,459		\$	86,396	\$	50,100	\$	2,373,101	\$	15,191,056	\$	5,286	8.03%
2019 (11)	2,916	\$	74,984	\$	218,653,344	\$	11,750,800		\$	68,184	\$	37,575	\$	2,253,529	\$	14,110,088	\$	4,839	6.45%
2020 (12)	2,685	\$	77,781	\$	208,841,985	\$	10,687,017		\$	49,426	\$	25,050	\$	1,040,576	\$	11,802,069	\$	4,396	5.65%
2021 (13)	2,642	\$	81,857	\$	216,265,466	\$	9,716,000		\$	30,095	\$	12,525	\$	895,686	\$	10,654,306	\$	4,033	4.93%

Notes to Table:

(4) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis for 2009 (most recent)

(5) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis for 2014 (most recent)

(6) Includes 2017 & 2020 Lease Revenue Bonds

(7) Source: Employment Development Department Monthly Labor Force Data for Counties Report 400 C, June

(8) Source: Muniservices LLC Demographic and Economic Statistics

(9) Source: Department of Finance Price Factor and Popluation Information as of January 1, 2017

(10) Source: Department of Finance Price Factor and Population Information as of January 1, 2018 and Bureau of Economic Analysis (most recent data, 2016)

(11) Source : Department of Finance letter, Price Factor and Population Information, dated May 2019

(12) Source : Department of Finance letter, Price Factor and Population Information, dated May 2020

(13) Source : Department of Finance letter, Price Factor and Population Information, dated May 2021

Schedule 9 Town of Yountville Computation of Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt June 30, 2021

Jurisdiction	Percentage Applicable to Town		Amount Applicable to Town
Overlapping tax and assessment debt:			
Town of Yountville Napa Joint Community College District Napa Valley Unified School District Total overlapping tax and assessment debt Direct and overlapping General Fund Debt:	100.0000% 1.936% 2.905%	\$ \$ \$	1,587,337 14,215,904 15,803,241
Napa County Certificates of Participation Napa County Board of Education General Fund Obligations Town of Yountville General Fund Obligations * Total direct and overlapping general fund obligation debt Subtotal direct debt Subtotal overlapping debt Total combined debt	1.953% 1.953% 100.0000%	\$ \$ \$	207,116 274,104 10,115,662 10,596,881 10,115,662 16,284,460 26,400,122
Ratio to 2020-21 assessed valuation Town of Yountville total assessed valuation Direct debt (Town) Overlapping debt Combined total debt	0.9440% 1.5197% 2.4637%	\$	1,071,584,115

Notes:

California Municipal Statistics, Inc. provided percentages applicable to Town which are applied to the total outstanding debt amount as reported by the County of Napa. Assessed valuation total is provided by the County of Napa.

* Includes: Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2017 and 2020 Direct Financing Loan and California Energy Commission Loan.

Fiscal Year	Valuation		Ratio Applied as % of Assessed Value	Legal Debt Limit Margin	Total Debt Subject to Limit	Debt Subject to Limit as % of Debt Limit
2012	\$	536,931,027	3.75%	\$ 20,134,914	\$ 10,539,973	52.35%
2013	\$	546,477,582	3.75%	\$ 20,492,909	\$ 14,494,739	70.73%
2014	\$	566,095,263	3.75%	\$ 21,228,572	\$ 14,019,046	66.04%
2015	\$	610,851,007	3.75%	\$ 22,906,913	\$ 13,532,878	59.08%
2016	\$	640,795,068	3.75%	\$ 24,029,815	\$ 13,031,232	54.23%
2017	\$	715,618,300	3.75%	\$ 26,835,686	\$ 12,519,073	46.65%
2018	\$	863,668,130	3.75%	\$ 32,387,555	\$ 11,401,396	35.20%
2019	\$	974,263,880	3.75%	\$ 36,534,896	\$ 10,853,183	29.71%
2020	\$	1,038,985,513	3.75%	\$ 38,961,957	\$ 10,284,971	26.40%
2021	\$	1,071,584,115	3.75%	\$ 40,184,404	\$ 9,746,095	24.25%

Legal Debt Limit Margin Calculation for 2020-21:

Assessed value	\$ 1,071,584,115
Debt limit is 3.75% of assessed value	\$ 40,184,404
Less: Debt applicable to limitation	\$ 9,746,095
Legal debt margin	\$ 30,438,309

In accordance with state law the town may not incur general obligation bonded indebtedness in excess of 3.75% of total assessed valuation, with such debt being payable from the proceeds of taxes levied upon taxable properties in the town.

		Flood '	Wal	ll Lease Pi	ırch	ase Agree	ment
	Μ	leasure A					
Fiscal	S	ales Tax		Debt S			
Year	Allocations			Principal	I	nterest	Coverage
2012	\$	259,041	\$	214,464	\$	49,744	0.98
2013	\$	265,958	\$	222,044	\$	42,164	1.01
2014	\$	256,077	\$	230,216	\$	33,992	0.97
2015	\$	259,977	\$	238,294	\$	18,183	1.01
2016	\$	259,951	\$	244,595	\$	13,506	1.01
2017	\$	259,768	\$	251,063	\$	8,705	1.00
2018	\$	261,443	\$	257,702	\$	3,777	1.00
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-

	2008 Lease Revenue Bonds												
	Pledged												
	Transient		Debt S										
Oc	cupancy Tax	F	Principal		Interest	Coverage							
\$	664,950	\$	180,000	\$	484,950	1.00							
\$	668,640	\$	190,000	\$	476,649	1.00							
\$	670,050	\$	200,000	\$	468,849	1.00							
\$	666,980	\$	205,000	\$	459,724	1.00							
\$	667,550	\$	215,000	\$	450,298	1.00							
\$	669,099	\$	225,000	\$	441,499	1.00							
\$	455,250	\$	235,000	\$	431,124	0.68							
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-							
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-							
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-							

2013 Lease Revenue Bonds

2017 Lease Revenue Bonds

Principal

_

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245,000

260,000

\$ 270,000

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

Debt Service

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

Interest

_

_

182.954

297,394

284,769

\$ 271,519

Coverage

_

_

1.00

1.00

1.00

1.00

Pledged

Revenue

183,000

542,394

544,769

541,519

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

\$

Fiscal]	Pledged		Debt S	Serv	ice	
Year	I	Revenue	F	Principal		Interest	Coverage
2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2013	\$	133,225	\$	100,000	\$	33,225	1.00
2014	\$	361,113	\$	260,000	\$	101,113	1.00
2015	\$	360,913	\$	265,000	\$	95,913	1.00
2016	\$	360,613	\$	270,000	\$	90,613	1.00
2017	\$	355,213	\$	270,000	\$	85,213	1.00
2018	\$	359,813	\$	280,000	\$	79,813	1.00
2019	\$	359,213	\$	285,000	\$	74,213	1.00
2020	\$	358,513	\$	290,000	\$	68,513	1.00
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-

2020 Lease Revenue Bonds

Fiscal]	Pledged		Debt S	Servi	ce	
Year	I	Revenue	I	Principal	Ι	nterest	Coverage
2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2013	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2014	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2015	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2016	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
2021	\$	350,017	\$	312,000	\$	38,017	1.00

Notes: Details regarding the Town's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The lease purchase agreement is backed by a county-wide special flood tax imposed on retail sales and allocated by Napa County per agreement with the Town. The 2008 Lease Revenue Bonds are backed by a specific pledge of one-sixth (or 2% of the 12% tax collected) of the transient occupancy tax collected by the Town each fiscal year up to a maximum amount of the debt service on the bonds for each fiscal year. These bonds were refunded in October 2017 by the 2017 Lease Revenue Bonds.

The 2013 Lease Revenue Bonds are backed by a pledge of General Fund revenue collected by the Town each fiscal year up to a maximum amount of the debt service on the bonds for each fiscal year.

The Town has pledged no specific revenues for repayment of the 2017 and 2020 Lease Revenue Bonds. The Town has agreed to include the lease payments due to its Authority (and assigned by the Authority to the bond trustee) in its annual budgets and to make annual appropriations therefore.

Schedule 12 Town of Yountville Lease Revenue Bonds - Continuing Disclosures Last Ten Calendar Years

					20	08 Lease Revenue B	onds	8			R	2013 Lease evenue Bonds		2017 Lease venue Bonds		020 Lease venue Bonds
				Dei	bt Se	rvice Reserve Require	emen	ıt								
				equal	s the	lessor of the three fol	lowi	ng:								
Calendar	Prir	ncipal Balance	e Maximum Annual 125% of Average							Debt Service Reserve	Pr	incipal Balance	Prin	ncipal Balance	Principal Balance	
Year	D	ecember 31		Debt Service	Annual Debt Service 10% of Original Par			Fund Balance		December 31	December 31		December 31			
2012	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	672,902	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2013	\$	9,965,000	\$	668,999	\$	833,188	\$	1,071,000	\$	672,902	\$	4,160,000	\$	-	\$	-
2014	\$	9,760,000	\$	668,849	\$	833,188	\$	1,071,000	\$	672,902	\$	3,900,000	\$	-	\$	-
2015	\$	9,545,000	\$	669,599	\$	833,188	\$	1,071,000	\$	672,902	\$	3,635,000	\$	-	\$	-
2016	\$	9,320,000	\$	670,999	\$	838,749	\$	1,071,000	\$	672,933	\$	3,365,000	\$	-	\$	-
2017	\$	9,085,000	\$	671,999	\$	839,998	\$	1,071,000	\$	673,637	\$	3,095,000	\$	-	\$	-
2018	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,815,000	\$	8,255,000	\$	-
2019	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,530,000	\$	7,995,000	\$	-
2020	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,240,000	\$	7,725,000	\$	2,303,000
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,440,000	\$	1,991,000

Schedule 13 Town of Yountville Demographic & Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

FiscalEstimatedYearPopulation (1)		Р	ountywide er Capita acome (2)	Estimated Yountville Income	 Assessed Yountville Valuation	Unemployment Rate (3)
2012 (5)	2,933	\$	49,792	\$ 146,039,936	\$ 536,931,027	7.80%
2013 (5)	2,999	\$	54,807	\$ 164,366,193	\$ 546,477,582	5.80%
2014	2,999	\$	54,807	\$ 164,366,193	\$ 566,095,263	4.80%
2015 (5)	2,999	\$	56,634	\$ 169,845,366	\$ 610,851,007	4.10%
2016 (4)	2,987	\$	52,576	\$ 157,044,512	\$ 640,795,068	4.60%
2017 (6)	2,935	\$	61,483	\$ 180,452,605	\$ 715,618,300	3.60%
2018 (7)	2,874	\$	65,805	\$ 189,123,570	\$ 863,668,130	3.10%
2019 (8)	2,916	\$	74,984 (9)	\$ 218,653,344	\$ 974,263,880	2.80%
2020 (8)	2,685	\$	77,781 (10)	\$ 208,841,985	\$ 1,038,985,513	10.00% (11)
2021 (12)	2,642	\$	81,857 (12)	\$ 216,265,466	\$ 1,071,594,115 (13)	1.89% (14)

Notes to Table:

(4) Source: 2009-10 MuniServices LLC Demographic & Economic Statistics

(5) Source: Employment Development Department Monthly Labor Force Data for Counties Report 400 C, June

(6) Source: Department of Finance Price Factor and Population Information as of January 1, 2017

(7) Source: Department of Finance Price Factor and Population Information as of January 1, 2018 and Bureau of Economic Analysis (most recent data, 2016)

(8) Source : Department of Finance letter, Price Factor and Population Information, dated May 2019

(9) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis website, https://www.bea.gov/system/files/2019-11/lapi1119.pdf

(10) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis website (https://www.bea.gov/system/files/2019-11/lapi1119.pdf) growth factor in the DOF price factor and population information as of January 1st, 2020

(11) Source: Employment Development Department Monthly Labor Force Data for Cities and Census Designated Places, August 2020

(12) Source : Department of Finance letter, Price Factor and Population Information, dated May 2021

(13) Source: Napa County Assessor's Office - used in GANN Limit calculation (https://www.countyofnapa.org/256/Property-Tax)

(14) Source: Employment Development Department Monthly Labor Force Data for Cities and Census Designated Places, August 2021 (https://www.labormarketinfo.edd.ca.gov/data/monthly-data-release.html - Current Month Data > City and Places by County)

Schedule 14 Town of Yountville **Principal Employers** Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year					Fiscal Year				
Ended		Number	Rank	% of Total	Ended		Number	Rank	%of Total
June 30	Employer	Employees	to Town	Employment	June 30	Employer	Employees	to Town	Employment
2012	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.46%	2017	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.92%
	State of California					State of California			
	Villagio Inn & Spa Operations	350 - 499	2	26.92%		The Keller Group	250 - 350	2	22.69%
	for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services					for restaurant operations			
	The Keller Group	250 - 350	3	24.08%		Villagio Inn & Spa Operations (Vintage Estates)	250 - 299	3	19.23%
	for restaurant operations			15.000/		for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services			15.000/
	Domaine Chandon Winery	200 - 250	4	15.92%		Domaine Chandon Winery	200 - 250	4	15.92%
	for winery and food service operations					for winery and food service operations			
2013	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.46%	2018	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.92%
	State of California					State of California			
	Villagio Inn & Spa Operations	350 - 499	2	26.92%		Vintage Estate	250 - 499	2	19.23%
	for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services					for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services			
	The Keller Group	250 - 350	3	24.08%		Domaine Chandon Winery	250 - 499	3	15.92%
	for restaurant operations					for winery and food service operations			
	Domaine Chandon Winery	200 - 250	4	15.92%					
	for winery and food service operations				2019	Veterans Home of California State of California	500 - 999	1	67.92%
2014	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.46%		Vintage Estate	250 - 499	2	19.23%
	State of California					for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services			
	Villagio Inn & Spa Operations	350 - 499	2	26.92%		Domaine Chandon Winery	250 - 499	3	15.92%
	for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services					for winery and food service operations			
	The Keller Group	250 - 350	3	24.08%					
	for restaurant operations				2020	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.92%
	Domaine Chandon Winery	200 - 250	4	15.92%		State of California			
	for winery and food service operations					Vintage Estate	250 - 499	2	19.23%
						for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services			
2015	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.46%		Domaine Chandon Winery	250 - 499	3	15.92%
	State of California					for winery and food service operations			
	Villagio Inn & Spa Operations	350 - 499	2	26.92%	2024		5 00 000		(= 000)
	for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services	250 250		24.000/	2021	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.92%
	The Keller Group	250 - 350	3	24.08%		State of California	250 400		10.000/
	for restaurant operations	200 250		15.000/		Vintage Estate	250 - 499	2	19.23%
	Domaine Chandon Winery	200 - 250	4	15.92%		for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services	250 400	2	15.000/
	for winery and food service operations					Domaine Chandon Winery for winery and food service operations	250 - 499	3	15.92%
2016	Veterans Home of California	500 - 999	1	67.92%		•			
	State of California								
	The Keller Group	250 - 350	2	22.69%					
	for restaurant operations								
	Villagio Inn & Spa Operations (Vintage Estates)	250 - 299	3	19.23%					
	for Vintage, Villagio, and related support services								
	Domaine Chandon Winery	200 - 250	4	15.92%					

Note: Percent of total employment by employer reported as available.

for winery and food service operations

Schedule 15 Town of Yountville Full-Time Equivalent Town Government Employees by Function Last Ten Years

		Full-Time Equivalent Personnel as of June 30												
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021				
Administration Town management Town municipal clerk Finance	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.35	5.17	5.08	5.08				
Planning & Building	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.73	1.73	2.50	3.00	3.50	3.50	3.50				
Public Works Engineering Street maintenance Park maintenance Government buildings Water operations	7.00	7.00	7.00	9.73	9.73	8.50	9.35	11.17	11.39	11.39				
Wastewater Collection and treatment	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.30	5.78	5.75	5.75				
Parks & Recreation Recreation programs Pool & Aquatics Community Center	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.38	5.28	5.28				
Totals	24.00	24.00	24.00	27.46	27.46	28.00	30.00	32.00	31.00	31.00				

Schedule 16 Town of Yountville Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Years ended June 30											
Function	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021				
Police														
Felony crimes	42	39	29	25	87	6	4	33	52	13				
Traffic violations/citations	41	157	686	826	651	243	271	277	142	228				
Water system														
Annual Consumption (AF) Daily average consumption	563.98	571.61	612.93	537.60	473.97	427.43	479.45	357.54	544.49	564.21				
in MGD	0.504	0.510	0.547	0.480	0.423	0.382	0.428	0.319	0.486	0.504				
Wastewater system														
Daily average treatment in MGD	0.438	0.451	0.381	0.372	0.371	0.338	0.365	0.440	0.301	0.281				
Maximum daily capacity of treatment plant, in MGD	0.630	0.630	0.630	0.630	0.550	0.550	0.550	0.550	0.550	0.550				
Streets														
Expenditures for streets in thousands of dollars	\$ 718	\$ 832	\$ 1,499	\$ 569	\$ 483	\$ 712	\$ 364	\$ 735	\$ 1,338	\$ 1,113				

Schedule 17 Town of Yountville Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function	Fiscal Years ended June 30									
	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Area in Square Miles	1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56	1.56
Fire protection (State/County)										
Number of stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of personnel	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	16.8	11
Parks and recreation:										
Community hall	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks & open space areas	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Park acreage	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Tennis courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Police protection (County)										
Number of substations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Contract police officers	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public library (County)										
Number of branches	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square footage	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800	1,800
Number of items	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Streets										
Miles of streets	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45	8.45
Water system										
Service connections	786	793	800	815	814	813	822	827	832	833
Miles of water mains	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9	8.9
Wastewater system										
Number of treatment plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of service connections	720	735	743	754	753	750	759	761	765	765
Miles of sanitary sewers	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4	9.4



OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council of the Town of Yountville Yountville, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Town of Yountville (the "Town") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not



express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

C&A UP

Chavan & Associates, LLP Certified Public Accountants November 5, 2021 Morgan HillGAGA, California